



New Pico Event Timer for space applications

Ivan Procházka 1, Josef Blazej 1 and Jan Kodet 1,2

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1 Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic 2 Technical University Munich, Germany



Outline





- WHY Epoch timing system for space segment of laser time transfer missions
- Existing New Pico Event Timer NPET
- Readiation tests
 experimental set up & results
- NPET for space possibility
- Summary and conclusion

New Pico Event Timer NPET





Switch 32 inputs, 1 ch

Theory and design P. Panek, 2005

Sub-ps performance

Jitter	< 500 fs rms
non-linearity	< 500 fs
temp. drift	< 200 fs / K
stability TDEV	< 4 fs@300s

- Review of Scientific Instruments, Vol. 78, No1, 2007
- U.S. Patent 7,057,978 B2, Jun. 2006.
- IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas, , Vol. 57, No.11, 2008
- Review of Scientific Instruments, 2009

Installed and used on numerous sites worldwide, various configurations

 It is attractive also for space application, however development of a complete "space version" would require
 3 years > 3 MEUR ③

We decided to check the radiation resistance of the existing NPET electronics.



- Standard NPET board, AI housing RF shield, passive heat distribution
- no radiation shielding effect $\, egin{array}{c} \circ \end{array} \,$





UJV Rez, uderground radiation facility



- NPET board running in a self-test mode 1 kHz rep. rate
- The 100 MHz clock source, power supply and control PC were located outside radiation chamber





New Pico Event Timer radiation tests results

- NPET board operated in a self-test mode indicated first communication problems after 60 Gy dose, day #18
- After the dose of 67 Gy (day #20) the data communication stopped
- The radiation test was terminated with a total dose of 75 Gy (day #22).
- The NPET device was taken to the lab for detailed examination.
- The only radiation damaged component was the RS232 comm. interface. This was the only one circuit manufactured by CMOS technology.
- The device communication was switched to low levels TTL and the entire device was operational again.



New Pico Event Timer – Summary



The NPET timing board "survived" ok the radiation dose of 75 Gy.

It corresponds to operation on LEO for several years.

- For routine space operation the board will be slightly modified:
 - □ trigger input circuit will be added
 - mechanical design will be modified for space
 - □ The additional radiation tests are planned
 - □ Significantly higher radiation tolerance is expected.

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Conclusion



The New Pico Event Timer may be relatively simply adopted for operation on board for laser time transfer and similar missions

Thank you for your attention