

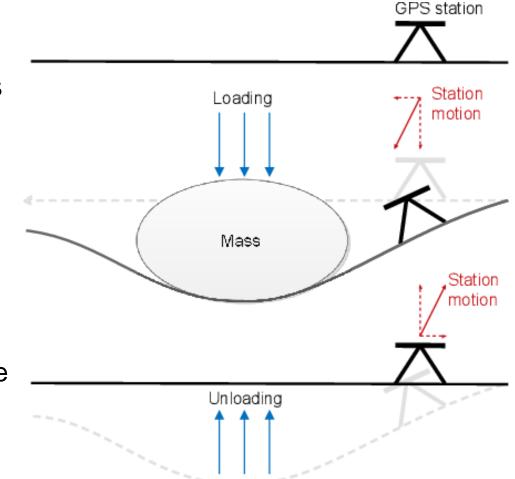
Federal Agency for Cartography and Geodesy

# SLR parameter estimation under the influence of mass redistributions

Matthias Weigelt and Daniela Thaller

#### Motivation

- Elastic response of the Earth surface due to mass re-distributions
- Displacements derived from various models and various groups available
- Questions:
  - What are the differences?
  - What is the impact on the solutions?





### Available (gridded) models

Atmosphere	Time resolution	Spatial resolution	Models
GGFC (Luxembourg)	6h	2.5°	NCEP
NASA (GSFC)	6h	2.5°	NCEP
TU Vienna (v4)	6h	1°	ECMWF
EOST (Strasbourg)	3h-6h	0.5°	ECMWF+ IB ECMWF + MOG2D ERAinterim+ IB
IMLS	3h-6h	1°	MERRA GEOS-507 GEOS-511 GEOS-FP GEOS-FPIT
GFZ	3h	0.5°	ECMWF reanalysis ERA-40 + ERA-Interim + operational ECMWF

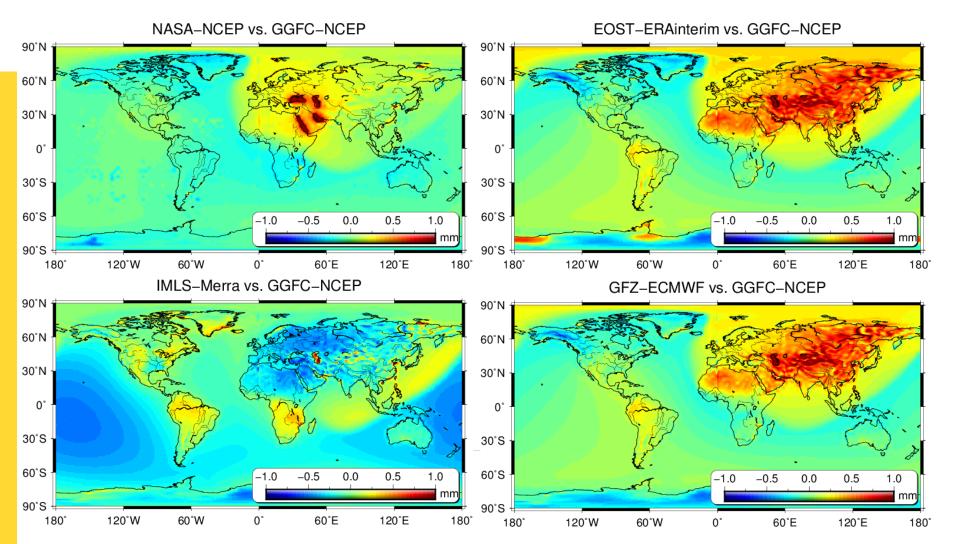


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#### Spatial comparison (annual components/up)

- GGFC serves as reference (spatial interpolation to 1°)
- Differences are on the level of 20% of the total signal



#### Available (gridded) models (cont.)

Ocean	Time resolution	Spatial resolution	Model
GGFC (Luxembourg)	6h	2.5°	ECCO1 (JPL)
NASA (GSFC)	12h	2.5°	ECCO1 (JPL)
EOST (Strasbourg)	12h-24h	0.5°	ECCO1 (JPL) ECCO2 (JPL)
IMLS	6h	1°	OMCT
GFZ	3h	0.5°	MPIOM



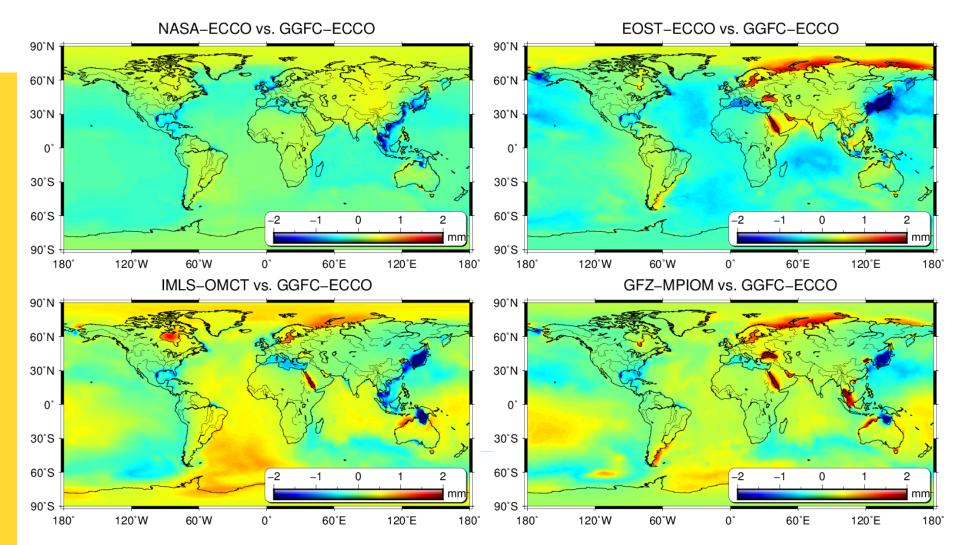
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GFZ	3h	0.5°	MPIOM



# Spatial comparison (annual components/up)

- GGFC serves again as reference (spatial interpolation to 1°)
- Differences are on the level of up to 50% of the total signal



### Available (gridded) models (cont.)

Hydrology	Time resolution	Spatial resolution	Model
GGFC (Luxembourg)	1 month	2.5°	GLDAS/NOAH 1°
NASA (GSFC)	1 month	2.5°	GLDAS/NOAH 1°
EOST (Strasbourg)	3h-6h	0.5°	GLDAS / NOAH 0.25° ERA interim
IMLS	6h	1°	MERRA GEOS-FPIT GLDAS / NOAH 0.25°
GFZ	24h	0.5°	LSDM (v1) LSDM (v1.2)



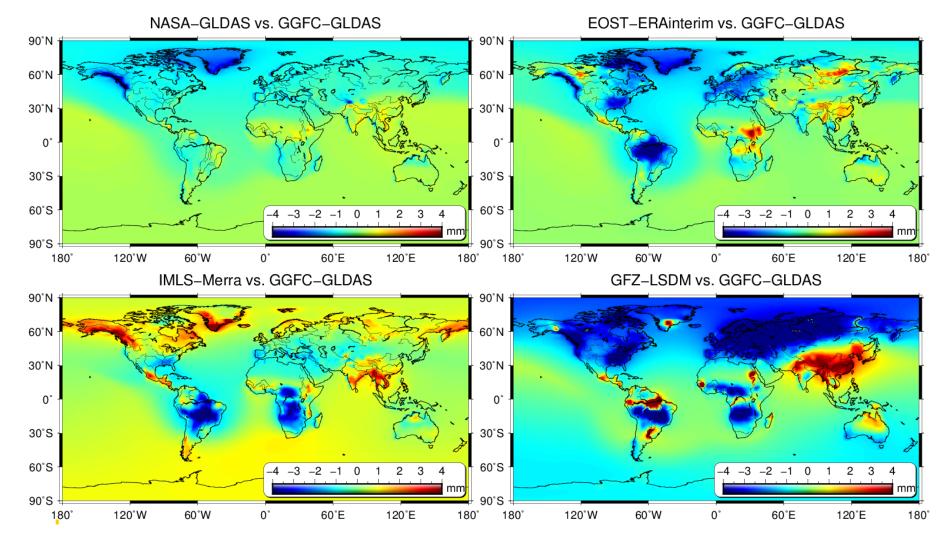
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#### Impact on SLR parameter estimation





#### SLR data processing

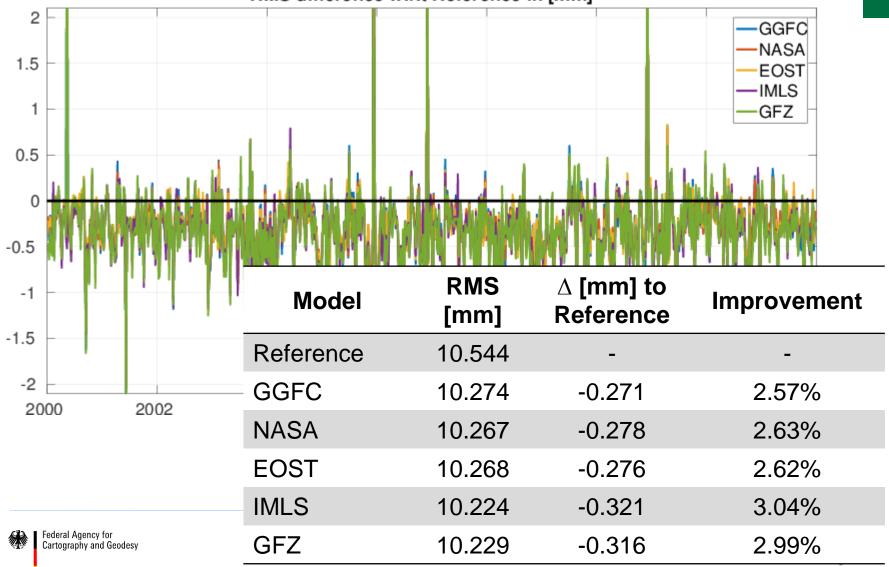
Observed satellites:	LAGEOS 1/2
Time period:	14 years (Jan. 2000 –Dec. 2013)
Sampling:	weekly (SunSat.)
SLR network:	58 stations
Software:	Bernese GNSS Software with SLR development v5.3
Loading grids:	Temporal resolution of 6h

GGFC	NASA	EOST	IMLS	GFZ	Reference
NCEP	NCEP	ERA interim	MERRA	ECMWF	-
ECCO1	ECCO1	ECCO2	OMCT	MPIOM	-
GLDAS	GLDAS	ERA interim	MERRA	LSDM	-

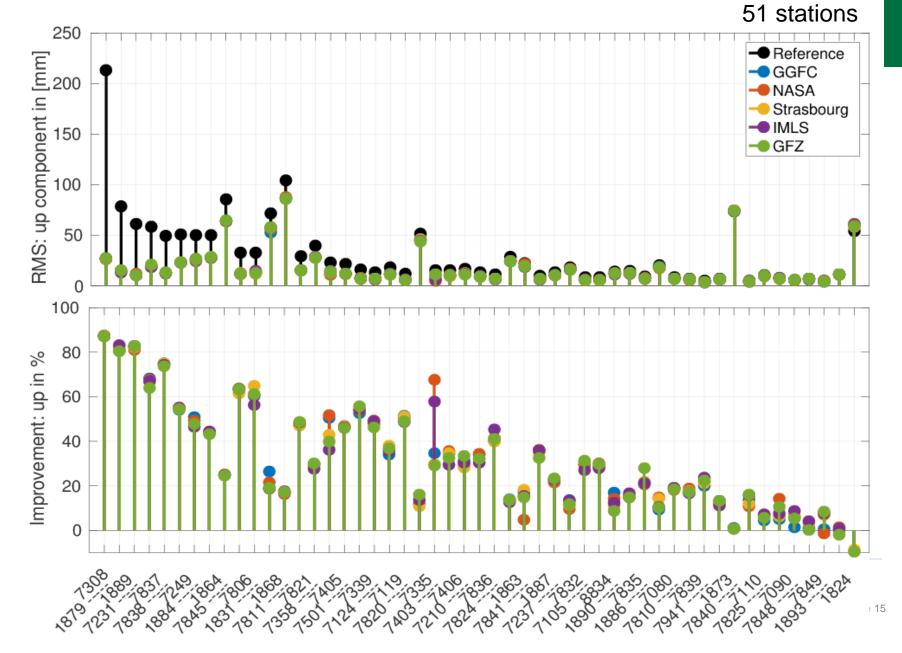


### A posteriori RMS

#### RMS difference w.r.t Reference in [mm]

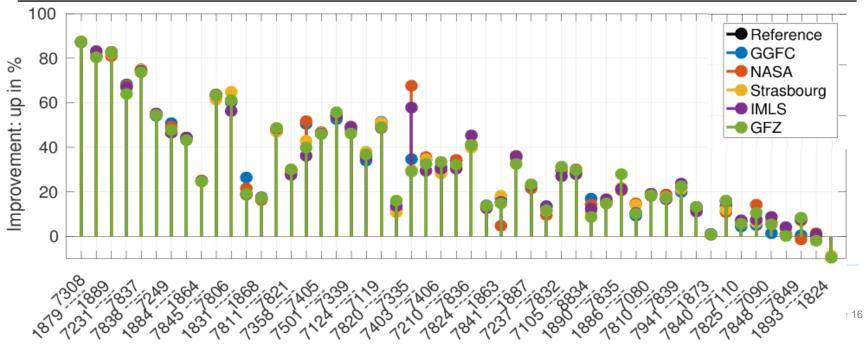


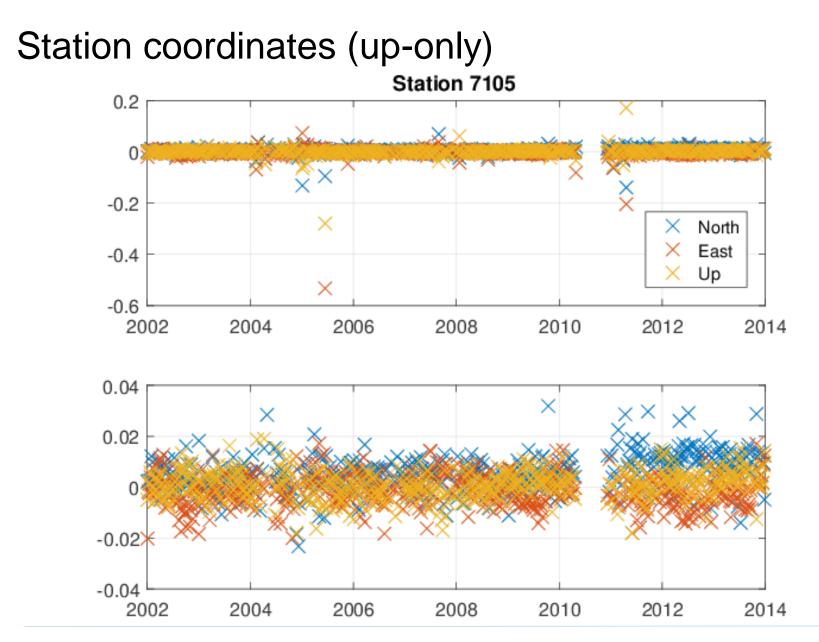
#### Station coordinates (up-only)



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Model	max. increase in %	max. decrease in %	Average improvement in %	Stations with improvement in %
GGFC	87.49	12.58	31.11	98%
NASA	87.43	12.76	31.75	96%
EOST	87.47	08.72	31.00	96%
IMLS	87.12	11.42	31.39	98%
GFZ	87.13	09.64	30.97	96%



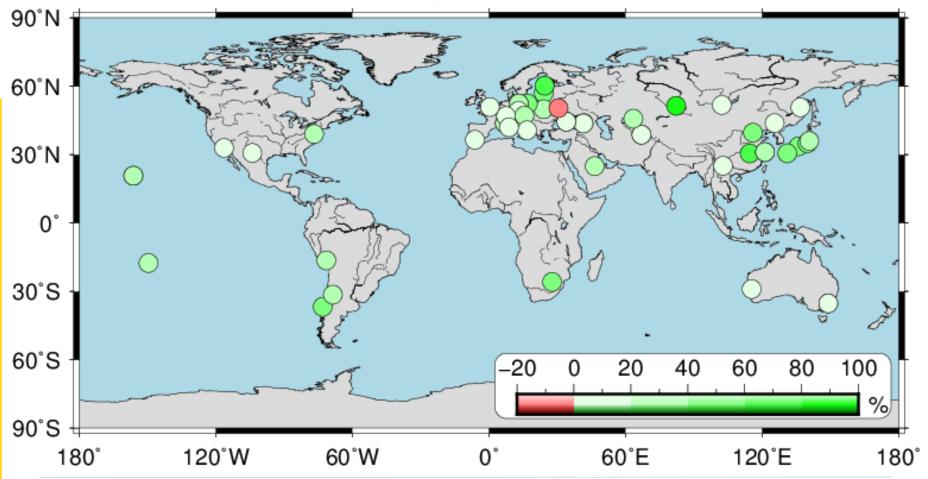


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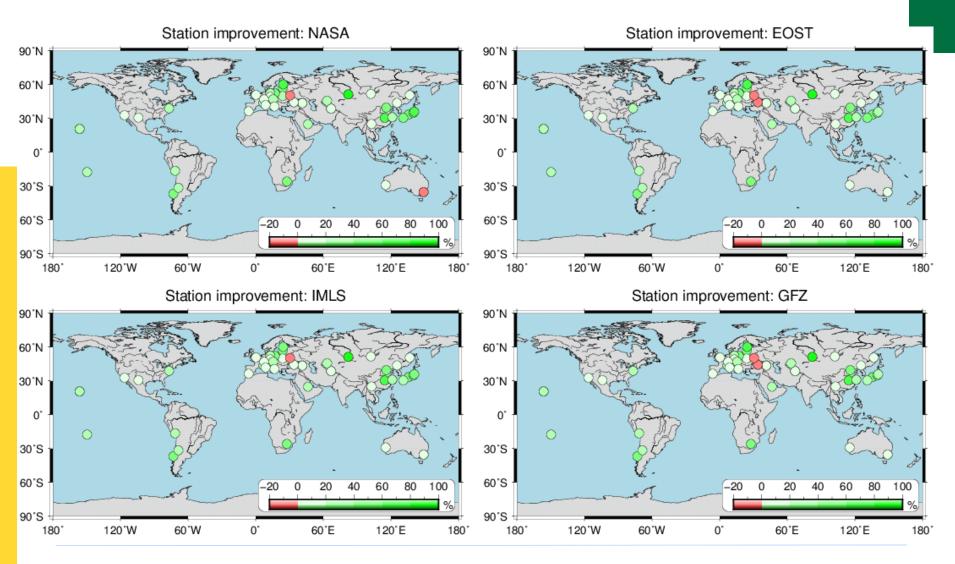
#### Station coordinates (cont.)

Station improvement: GGFC



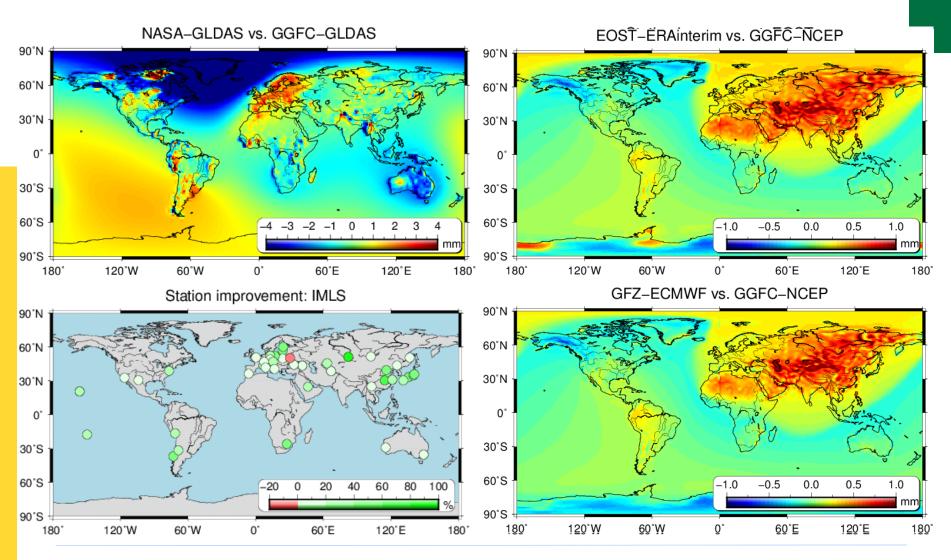
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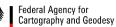
#### Station coordinates (cont.)



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#### Station coordinates (cont.)

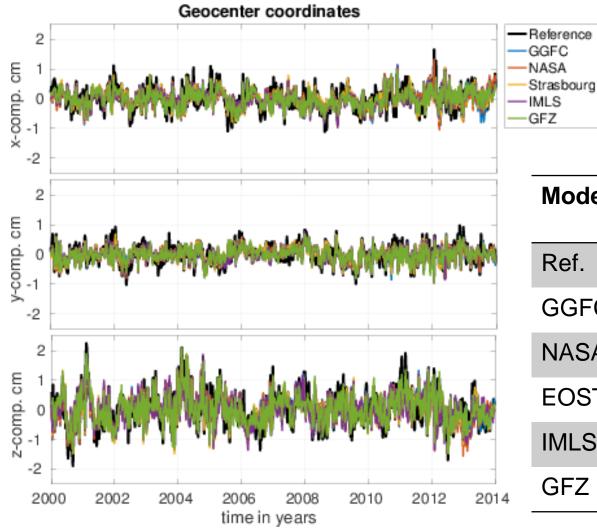




#### Geocenter: time series

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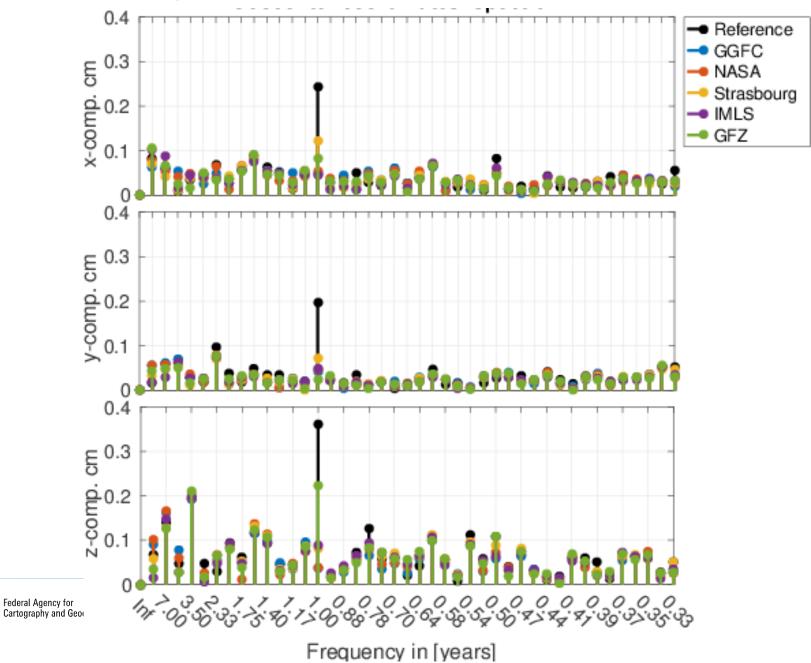
Model	X [cm]	Y [cm]	Z [cm]
Ref.	0.386	0.323	0.605
GGFC	0.294	0.257	0.498
NASA	0.297	0.253	0.508
EOST	0.308	0.251	0.512
IMLS	0.298	0.244	0.503
GFZ	0.299	0.244	0.528



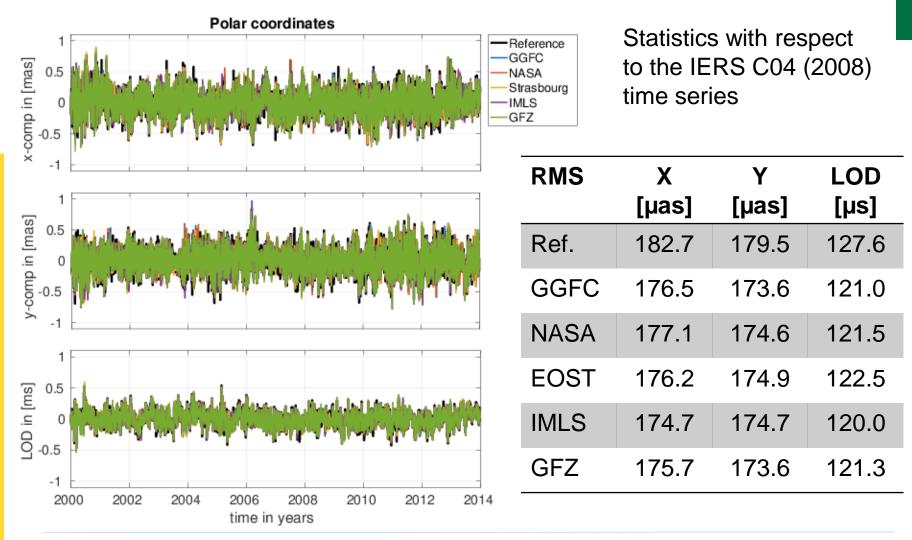
#### Geocenter: time series

Geocenter coordinates Reference 2 Geophysical Models GGFC NASA x-comp. cm explain about 20% of Strasbourg the signal. -IMLS GFZ -1 -2 Rel. Χ Υ Ζ **AVG** 2 [%] [%] [%] Impr. [%] y-comp. cm Ref. GGFC 20.7 20.6 23.8 17.7 -2 NASA 23.0 21.7 16.0 20.3 2 z-comp. cm EOST 20.0 22.3 15.5 19.3 0 IMLS 21.3 22.7 24.3 17.0 -2 GFZ 19.9 22.5 24.5 12.8 2014 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 time in years

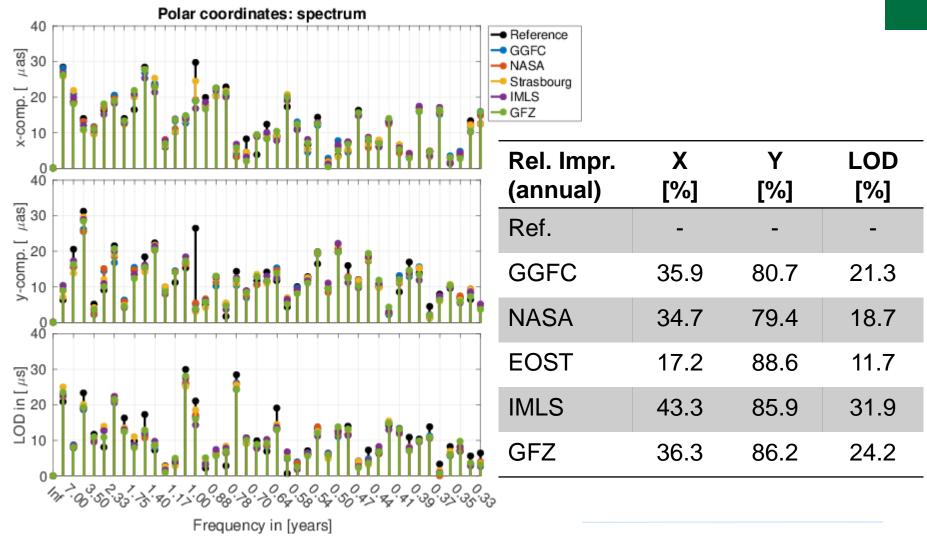
#### Geocenter: spectrum



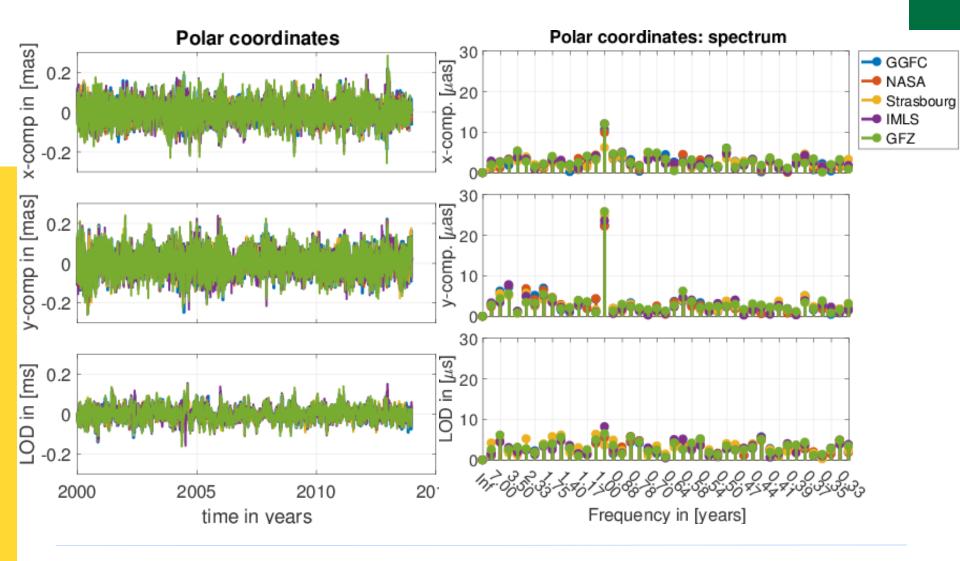
#### Earth orientation parameters





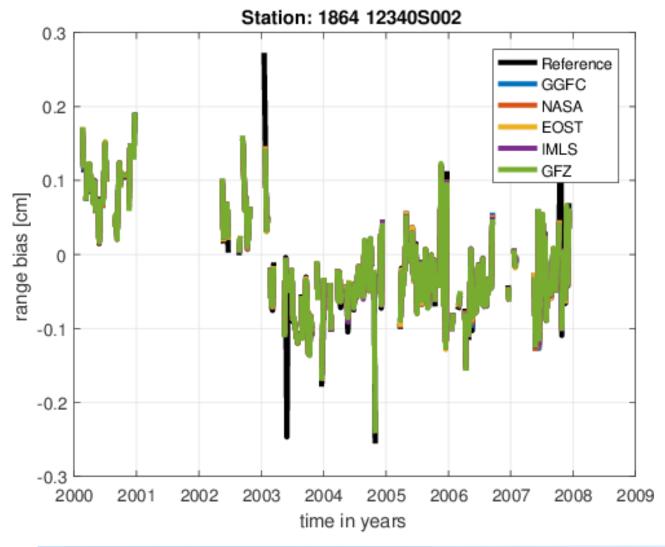


### Earth orientation parameters (relative to reference solution)





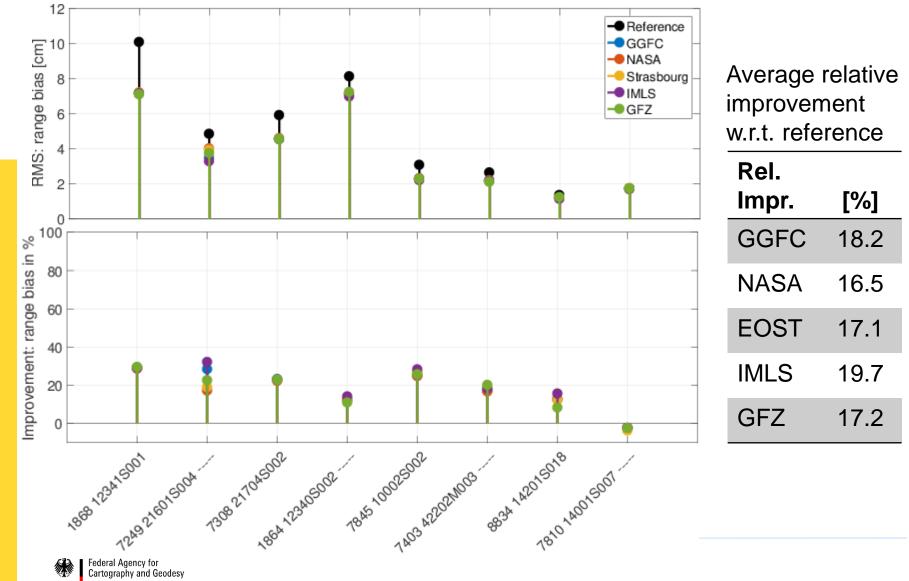
#### Range bias for station MAIL – Maidanak, Uzbekistan



Reduced peaks of the range bias time series when using loading models



#### Range bias



### Conclusion

- Geophysical models significantly improve all estimates
  - nearly all station coordinates with up to 87% (outliers!)
  - 20% of geocenter signal can be explained primarily due to a reduction of the annual signal.
  - likewise reduction of the annual signal in the EOP
  - range biases reduce when applying loading models
- No model combination is outstanding
  - tendency of better performance of high temporal and high spatial models
- Models still do not include mass conservation
  - best attempt by GFZ as models are consistently forced but mass conservation not yet included

# Thank you for your kind attention!

#### Contact:

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