

## **RIGA EVENT TIMER IN COMPACT IMPLEMENTATIONS**



**Compact Event Timer Module** (CETM) provides the same functionality as A033-ET while the size of board is only 90x150 mm and power consumption 4 W. The modified interpolator has deadtime 25 ns providing for measurement rate up to 40 MSPS. This modification allows the wider range of external conditions however degrades the resolution up to 5 ps RMS.

**Doubled Event Timer Module** presents two CETM's integrated into one module.

Two separate interpolators for two inputs Start and Stop provide independent registration of events arriving in these inputs allow measuring of zero or negative time intervals between these events. The size of board is 120x160 mm and power consumption is about 5 W.

Fast Event Timer Module is the timing module providing one channel measurement with very high frequency up to 80 MSP and resolution about 5 ps. In case of low event rates this resolution can be enhanced up to 2.5 ps using the replication possibility. A preliminary size of board is 160x220 mm however it can be essentially minimized. The power consumption is 8 W.













Frequency

Control (in free

running mode)

10 MHz Bef

based

100 MHz

Generator with PLL



DETM incorporates two CETMs with co-using of one CPLD for input control and one FPGA for parallel functionality. DETM development was aimed to time almost simultaneous events which are typical for Positron Emission Thomography devices in medicine and particle registration in nuclear physics.

In the DETM each interpolator has just one time-to-digital conversion schematic and provide the RMS resolution 4 ps but for Start-Stop intervals the error variance is summed from both interpolators and resulting RMS resolution is 5.5 ps.

For short intervals less than 30 ns this resolution degrades up to 8 ps because of cross-correlation of close events.

The same effect impacts to the non-linearity error but it can be identified simultaneously with the channel-to-channel offset and corrected in the interval Contra: - essential interval non-linearity for - two interpolators require two conversion tables and double

- the module is ready for operation immediately after assembly - fast and stable calibration - high resolution – 5-6 ps RMS - no dead-time for different inputs Contra: - RMS resolution degradation up to 8 ps for intervals less than 30 ns. - essential interval non-linearity for short intervals

- small power consumption: 5 W

*Pro:* - compactness: 120x160 mm

- two interpolators require two conversion tables and double random error variance

Interval nonlinearity error (a) and RMS resolution (b) dependence on time interval value calculation.







Functional diagram of Fast Event Timer



The developed pilot version may register up to 90,000,000 time-tags/sec and has an additional feature allowing to improve the RMS resolution from 5 ps for event rate 90 MHz to 2.5 ps for event rate less than 20 MHz.

FETM development was aimed to applications where increasing of timed events frequency allows increasing received or transferred data volume. The Data transfer via Laser link, LIDAR system, 3D-Scan system are such system which performance is defined by data acquisition rate and timing precision.



RMS resolution dependence on the number of refining pulses that are generated until an arrival of next event. It is seen that in this module the refinement is affective until the forth refining pulse.



RMS resolution stability (upper) and measured time interval values (bottom). The time 640 ns between events allows to refine the time-tags and to get resolution 2.3 ps (including test generator instability).

**Event Timer Test Generator** ETTG-100 is designed for estimation of precision parameters of Event Timers similar timing devices (Time and Interval Counter, Time Analyzer, Time-Converter) to-Digital having а resolution time picosecond Of measurements. In accordance with



CLK 100MHz

Functional diagram

of ETTG-100

Experimental estimation of the ETTG period stability in the range of periods from 100 ns up to 5 ms. Experimental points present STD averaging on ~500 STD values, when each of them is estimated

existing standards for inputs of timing devices, the Generator ETTG-100 has two modifications:

- ETTG-100-NIM generating negative pulses in NIM standard, and

- ETTG-100-TTL generating positive pulses in LVTTL standard.

ETTG generates periodic sequences, characterized by high short-term stability of the repetition period. The standard deviation of this period is about 1 ps and that allows testing timing device and systems.

ETTG may operate in stand-alone and software controlled modes. In standalone mode ETTG has five settings sequentially selectable by the CTRL button. The delivered software allows via USB to change any of these setting.

ETTG-100-NIM and it's output signal



ETTG-100-TTL and it's output sign



		Signal	
		Three generation modes and its time	diagram
С V	100 MHz output Stop output Start output	Stop period Stop period Start period Start period	Period generation: Stop period = N x "100 MHz" period Start period = M x Stop period "100 MHz" = 10 ns +- 40 ppm adjusting
	100 MHz output Stop output Start output	Start-Stop interval Start period	Time interval generation: Stop period = N x "100 MHz" period Start period = M x Stop period "100 MHz" = 10 ns +- 40 ppm adjusting
	100 MHz output Stop output Start output	Stop period     Interval 1     Interval 2     Start period	Multi-stop time interval generation: Stop period = N x "100 MHz" period Interval 1 = Stop period Interval 2 = 2 Stop periods Interval 3 = 3 Stop periods

1000 1000000 1000000 Period (ns)

on the array of 1000 measured periods.

This poster reflects the research results that were obtained in the framework of the R&D project No. 2013/0036/2DP/2.1.1.1.0/13/ APIA/VIAA/032 "Universal time event recorder for SLR, LiDAR and 3-D scan **applications**" partially financed by ES. Eventech Ltd., being one of the developers in this project, in 2016 at an auction acquired the exclusive right to further production and distribution of devices developed under this project.

*E. Boole, V.Bespalko, A.Rybakov, V.Vedin,* Institute of Electronics and Computer Science; buls@edi.lv; *R. Spunde* (Eventech Ltd., Riga, Latvia; r.spunde@eventechsite.com)

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