

On The Rotation Axis of LAGEOS A New Approach

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OVERVIEW



- Sun Glint Method
 - Background or History of Early University of Maryland Work
 - Description of Sun Glint Method
 - Simulation and Data
 - Comparison of Measurements with Early Model
 - Prediction of Acceleration Residuals
- Pocket Method
 - Description of Pocket Concept
 - Pocket Effect Theory
 - Pocket Effect Observations
 - Data Anomalous Flash Investigation at INFN/LNF
- Conclusions and Future Development

Solar Reflection from LAGEOS Sun Glint Method







Remote Sensing Of The LAGEOS-I Spin-Axis Data Examples: July, 1976 St. Margaret's









Remote Sensing Of The LAGEOS-I Spin-Axis Results:



- Spin Rate
 - Determined for 33 Dates Errors < 5%
 - Determine Spin Half-Life (Exponential Decay) of 2.11 Years



Comparison of Spin Axis Orientation Vokrouhlicky's Model Polar Representation





David Rubincam's Orbital Residuals University of Maryland Data Mapped







Solar Reflections from LAGEOS

- Fresnel Reflections
 - From Front Face of CCR
 - Forms Narrow Pencil Beams
 - Approximately 0.5° in Width
- Surface Reflections
 - Assume Mirror-Like
 - Broad Angle
 - Approximately 5°



Pocket Effect







NRL Stafford Station



HIGH SPEED PHOTOMETER AMOS – 3.7 Meter Telescope



HIGH SPEED PHOTOMETER AMOS – 3.7 Meter Telescope



Conclusions



- Pocket Effect
 - Provides Monitoring of Spin Axis Orientation
 - Determine Apparent Rotation During a Pass
 - Eventually Obtain Spin Rate & Orientation to ~0.2°
- For Evaluation of Thermal Forces on LAGEOS
 - Need Spin Axis Orientation
 - Need Theory of Slowly Rotation LAGEOS
 - Now also Need Spin Rate
- Implementation to be Developed at NRL