

# ILRS SLR MISSION SUPPORT REQUEST FORM (version: April, 2016)

## SUBMISSION STATUS:

- New Submission (default)
- Incremental Submission (accepted only for a follow-on mission; fill-in new information only)  
(provide the reference mission and the date approved by the ILRS: \_\_\_\_\_)

## SECTION I: MISSION INFORMATION:

### General Information:

Satellite Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Satellite Host Organization: \_\_\_\_\_  
Web Address: \_\_\_\_\_

### Contact Information:

#### Primary Technical Contact Information:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Alternate Technical Contact Information:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

#### Primary Science Contact Information:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Alternate Science Contact Information:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

**Mission Specifics:**

Scientific or Engineering Objectives of Mission:  
(specify)

Role of Satellite Laser Ranging (SLR) for the Mission:  
(specify)

Anticipated Launch Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Expected Mission Duration: \_\_\_\_\_  
Required Orbital Accuracy: \_\_\_\_\_

**Anticipated Orbital Parameters:**

Altitude (Min & Max for eccentric orbits): \_\_\_\_\_ km

Inclination: \_\_\_\_\_ degrees

Eccentricity: \_\_\_\_\_

Orbital Period: \_\_\_\_\_

Frequency of Orbital Maneuvers: \_\_\_\_\_

**Mission Timeline:**

(example)

Should include when SLR is to start within the mission timeline, such as "on insertion into orbit" or "launch +N" days.

**Tracking Requirements:**

Tracking Schedule:      horizon-to-horizon      custom (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

Spatial Coverage:      global ILRS network      custom (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

Temporal Coverage:      full-time      custom (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

Normal Point Bin Size (Time Span): \_\_\_\_\_ seconds

(Choose one from 5, 15, 30, 120 and 300 seconds. Justify if other bin size is required.)

(See the "Bin Size" of other satellites on the ILRS Web site at

[http://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/missions/satellite\\_missions/current\\_missions/index.html](http://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/missions/satellite_missions/current_missions/index.html) .)

Prediction Center: \_\_\_\_\_

**Prediction Technical Contact Information:**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone No.: \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Priority of SLR for POD:      Primary      Secondary      Backup

**Other Sources of POD:**

GNSS     DORIS     Accelerometer     other (specify: \_\_\_\_\_ )

**Other comments on mission information:**

(specify) (list backup prediction centers and references/links to non-SLR techniques if available)

## SECTION II: TRACKING RESTRICTIONS:

Several types of tracking restrictions have been required during some satellite missions. See [http://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/satellite\\_missions/restricted.html](http://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/satellite_missions/restricted.html) for a complete discussion.

- 1) Elevation restrictions: Certain satellites have a risk of possible damage when ranged near the zenith. Therefore a mission may want to set an elevation (in degrees) above which a station may not range to the satellite.
- 2) Go/No-go restrictions: There are situations when on-board detectors on certain satellites are vulnerable to damaged by intense laser irradiation. These situations could include safe hold position or maneuvers. A small ASCII file is kept on a computer controlled by the satellite's mission which includes various information and the literal "go" or "nogo" to indicate whether it is safe to range to the spacecraft. Stations access this file by ftp every 5-15 minutes (as specified by the mission) and do not range when the flag file is set to "nogo" or when the internet connection prevents reading the file.
- 3) Segment restrictions: Certain satellites can allow ranging only during certain parts of the pass as seen from the ground. These missions provide station-dependent files with lists of start and stop times for ranging during each pass.
- 4) Power limits: There are certain missions for which the laser transmit power must always be restricted to prevent detector damage. This requires setting laser power and beam divergence at the ranging station before and after each pass. While the above restrictions are controlled by software, this restriction is often controlled manually.

Many ILRS stations support some or all of these tracking restrictions. You may wish to work through the ILRS with the stations to test their compliance with your restrictions or to encourage additional stations that are critical to your mission to implement them.

The following information gives the ILRS a better idea of the mission's restrictions. Be aware that once predictions are provided to the stations, there is no guarantee that forgotten restrictions can be immediately enforced.

Are there any science instruments, detectors, or other instruments on the spacecraft that can be damaged or confused by excessive radiation, particularly in any one of these wavelengths (532nm, 1064nm, 846nm, or 432nm)?

No            Yes (specify the instrument or  
                 detector in question, providing  
                 the wavelength bands and  
                 modes of sensitivity.)

..

Are there times when the LRA (Laser Retroreflector Array) will not be accessible from the ground?

No            Yes (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

(If so, go/nogo or segmentation files might be used to avoid ranging an LRA that is not accessible.)

**→ Skip the next questions and go directly to SECTION III if you answered "No" to both of the above questions.**

Is there a need for an elevation tracking restriction?

No            Yes (What elevation (minimum to maximum in degrees)? \_\_\_\_\_ degrees )

Is there a need for a go/no-go tracking restriction?

No            Yes (Explain the reason(s) \_\_\_\_\_)

Is there a need for a pass segmentation restriction?

No            Yes (Explain the reason(s) \_\_\_\_\_)

Is there a need for a laser power restriction?

No

Yes            (Under what circumstances? \_\_\_\_\_)

(What is the maximum permitted power level **at** the satellite (nJ/cm<sup>2</sup>)? \_\_\_\_\_)

(Is manual control of laser transmit power acceptable?            Yes    No)

For ILRS stations to range to satellites with restrictions, the mission sponsor must agree to the following statement:

*“The mission sponsor agrees not to make any claims against the station or station contractors or subcontractors, or their respective employees for any damage arising from these ranging activities, whether such damage is caused by negligence or otherwise, except in the case of willful misconduct.”*

Please provide signature to express agreement to above statement:

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_

Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_

**Other comments on tracking restrictions:**

(specify)

**SECTION III: RETROREFLECTOR ARRAY INFORMATION:**

A prerequisite for accurate reduction of laser range observations is a complete set of pre-launch parameters that define the characteristics and location of the LRA on the satellite. The set of parameters should include a general description of the array, including references to any ground-tests that may have been carried out, array manufacturer and whether the array type has been used in previous satellite missions. So the following information is requested:

Retroreflector Primary Contact Information:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Phone No.: \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Array type:

Single reflector    Spherical    Hemispherical/Pyramid    Planar

other (specify: \_\_\_\_\_ )

Attach a diagram or photograph of the satellite that shows the position of the LRA, at the end of this document.

Attached    TE-5500-TN001-05\_170608\_retro\_positions

Attach a diagram or photograph of the whole LRA at the end of this document.

Attached    Same as above, Not attached (acceptable only for a cannonball satellite)

Array manufacturer:

\_\_\_\_\_

Link (URL and/or reference) to any ground-tests that were carried out on the array:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Has the LRA design and/or type of cubes been used previously?

No    Yes (List the mission(s): \_\_\_\_\_)

For accurate orbital analysis it is essential that full information is available in order that the 3-dimensional position of the satellite center of mass may be referred to the location in space at which the laser range measurements are made. To achieve this, the 3-D location of the LRA phase center must be specified in a satellite-body-fixed reference frame with respect to the satellite's mass center. In practice this means that the following parameters must be available at 1 mm accuracy or better.

Define the satellite-body-fixed XYZ coordinates (i.e. origin and axes) on the spacecraft:  
(specify) (add a diagram in the attachment)

Relate the satellite-body-fixed XYZ coordinates to a Celestial/Terrestrial/Solar Reference Frame including the attitude control policy:  
(specify) (add a diagram in the attachment)

The 3-D location of the satellite's mass center in satellite-body-fixed XYZ coordinates is:

Always fixed at (0, 0, 0)

Always fixed at ( \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ ) in mm (1.93, 3.67, -35.7) mm 1)

Time-varying by approximately ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) mm during the mission lifetime.

Will a time-variable table of the mass center location be available on the web?

No      Yes (URL: \_\_\_\_\_)

The 3-D location (or time-variable range) of the phase center of the LRA in the satellite-body-fixed XYZ coordinates:

( \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ ) in mm (n/a)

The following information on the corner cubes must also be supplied.

The XYZ coordinates referred to in the following are given in:

Satellite-body-fixed system (same as above)

LRA-fixed system (specify below)

(specify the origin and orientation) (add a diagram in the attachment )

List the position (XYZ) of the center of the front face of each corner cube, and the orientation (two angles or normal vector) and the clocking (horizontal rotation) angle of each corner cube. Note that the angles should be clearly defined.

Attached at the end of this document

Listed here (acceptable for small number (10 or fewer) of corner cubes)  
(specify) (add a diagram in the attachment)

Is the corner cube recessed in its container (i.e. can the container obscure a part of the corner cube)?

No            Yes (specify below)

(specify) (add a diagram)

The size of each corner cube: Diameter (\_\_\_\_\_) mm    Height (\_\_\_\_\_) mm

The material from which the cubes are manufactured (e.g. quartz):

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The refractive index of the cube material

= \_\_\_\_\_ for wavelength  $\lambda = 0.532$  micron

= \_\_\_\_\_ as a function of wavelength  $\lambda$  (micron):

The group refractive index of the cube material, as a function of wavelength  $\lambda$  (micron):

= \_\_\_\_\_ for wavelength  $\lambda = 0.532$  micron

= \_\_\_\_\_ as a function of wavelength  $\lambda$  (micron):

Dihedral angle offset(s) and manufacturing tolerance (in arcseconds):

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Radius of curvature of front surfaces of cubes:

Not applied      Yes (specify: \_\_\_\_\_)

Flatness of cubes' surfaces:

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Back-face coating:

Uncoated      Coated (specify the material: \_\_\_\_\_)

**Other comments on LRA:**

(specify) (add a reference to a study of the optical response simulation/measurement if available) (add a diagram if applicable)

**SECTION IV: MISSION CONCURRENCE**

As an authorized representative of the \_\_\_\_\_ mission, I hereby request and authorize the ILRS to track the satellite described in this document.

Name (print): \_\_\_\_\_

Organization and Position: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

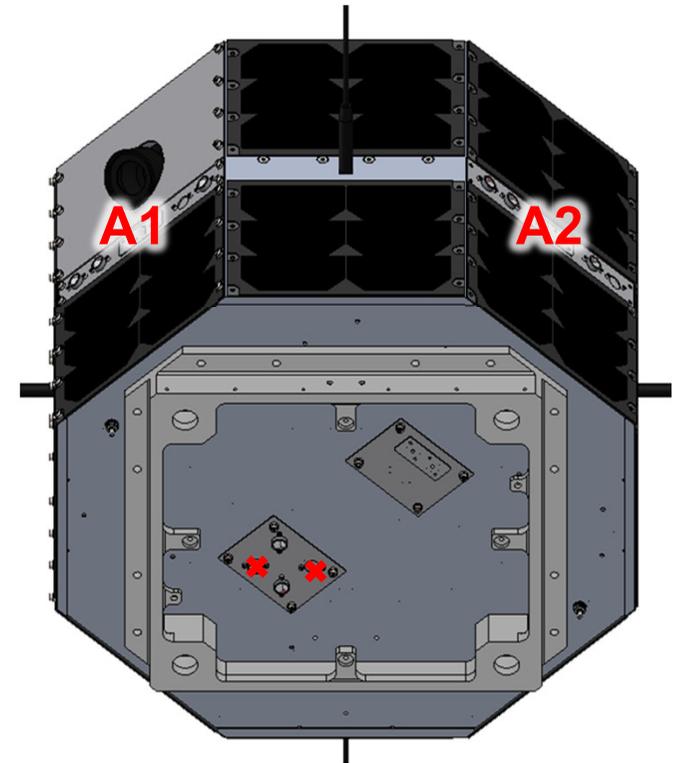
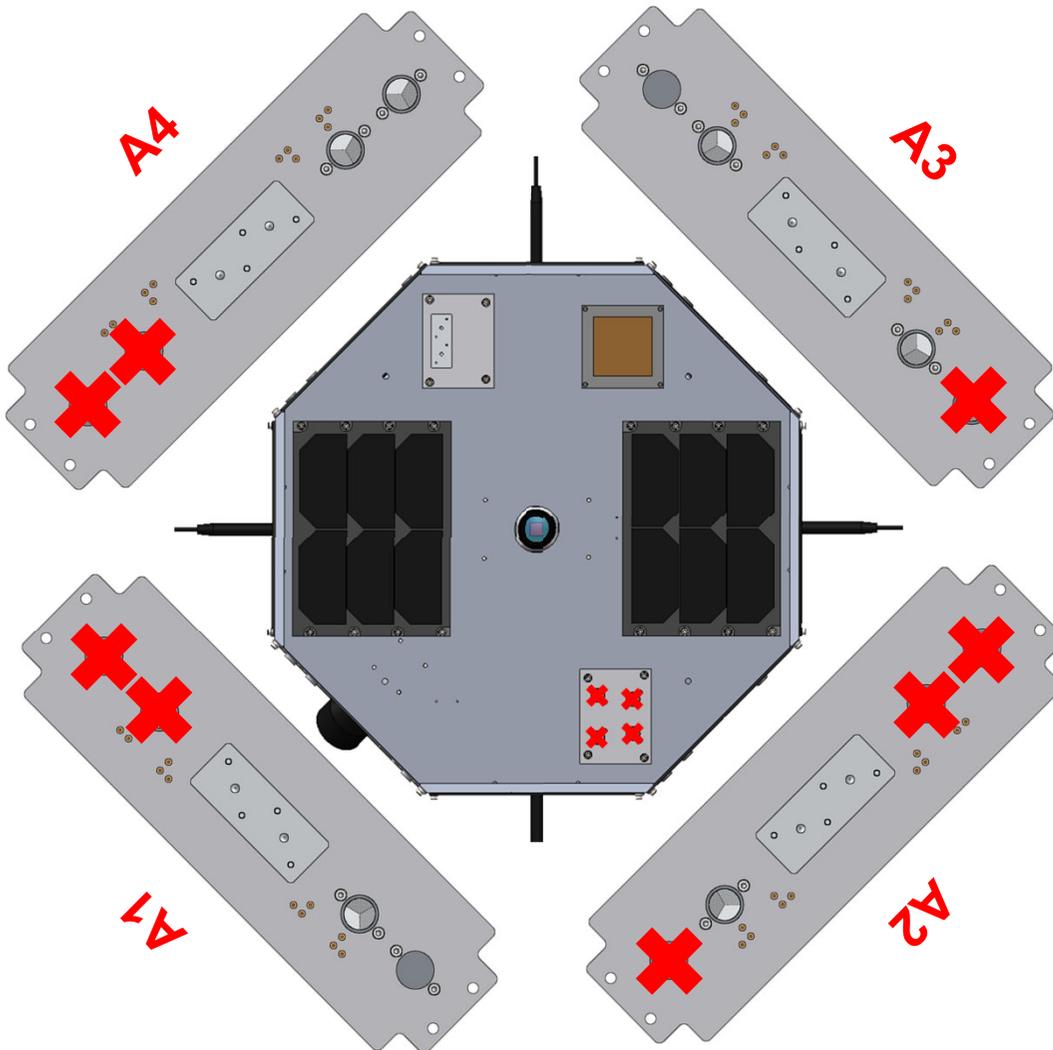
Send form to: ILRS Central Bureau  
c/o Carey Noll  
NASA GSFC  
Code 690  
Greenbelt, MD 20771  
USA  
301-614-6542 (Voice)  
301-614-6015 (Fax)  
Carey.Noll@nasa.gov

**SECTION V: ATTACHMENT(S)**

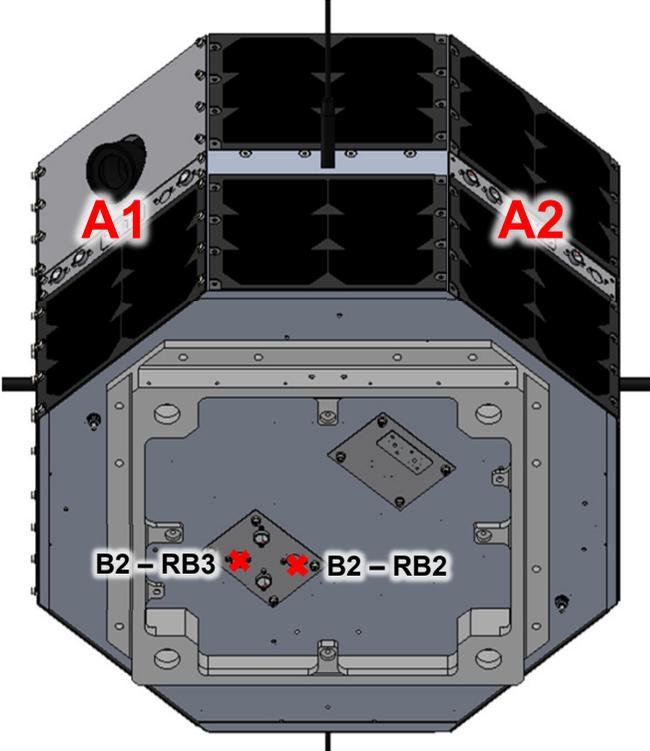
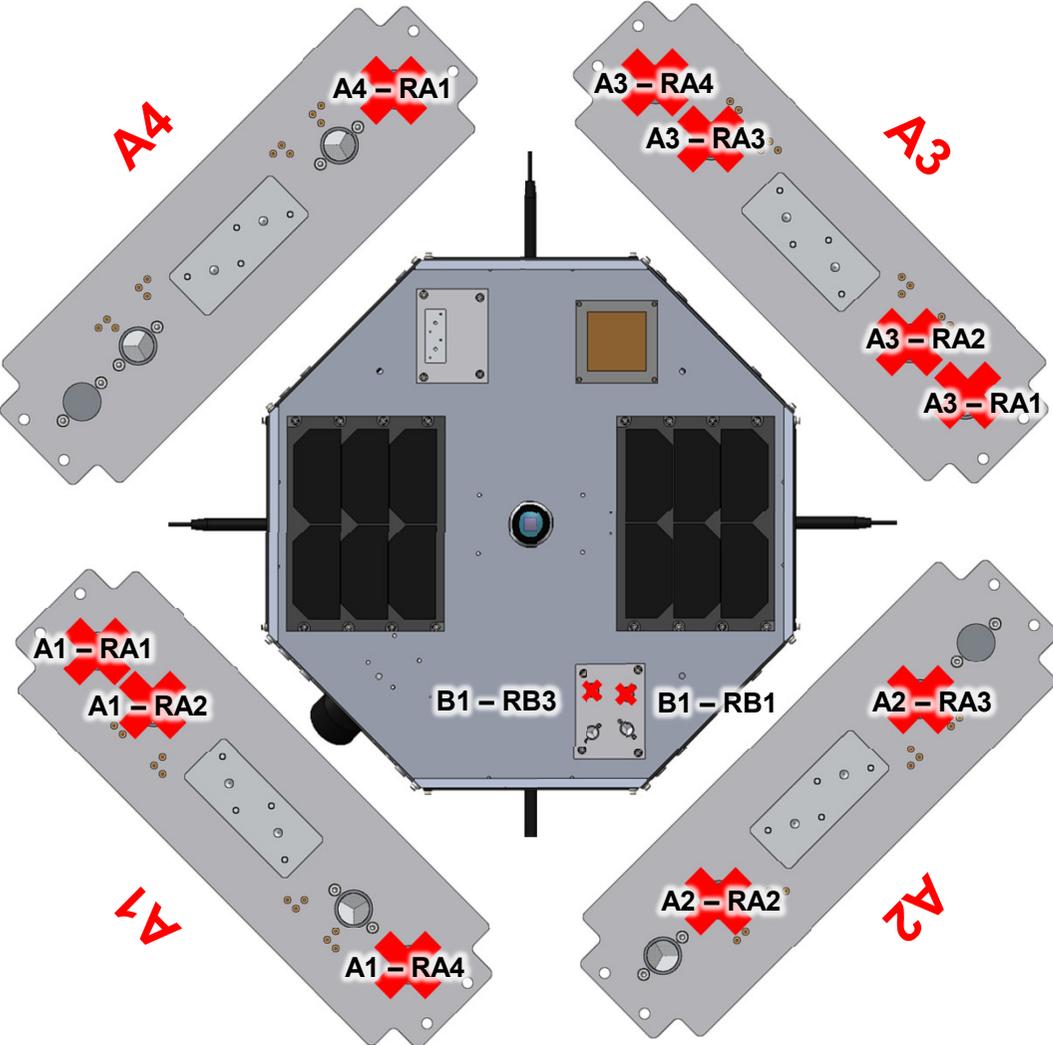
# change log

Date	change	name
160330	created	M. Barschke
160406	FM configuration added	M. Barschke
170608	Change log added, specification of panels in overview, numbers added to positions	M. Barschke,
170608	coordinates of FM configuration added	D. Költzsch
170608	Mistake in position names corrected (position B1 – RB1 changed to B1 – RB1)	M. Barschke

# TechnoSat - EQM



# TechnoSat FM



# Coordinates TechnoSat FM

No.	position (mm +/- 0,5)			normal vector			clocking angle
	x	y	z	x	y	z	
A1 – RA1	229,2	-70,0	0,0	1	0	0	n/a
A1 – RA2	229,2	-45,0	0,0	1	0	0	n/a
A1 – RA4	229,2	70,0	0,0	1	0	0	n/a
A2 – RA2	45,0	229,2	0,0	0	1	0	n/a
A2 – RA3	-45,0	229,2	0,0	0	1	0	n/a
A3 – RA1	-229,2	70,0	0,0	-1	0	0	n/a
A3 – RA2	-229,2	45,0	0,0	-1	0	0	n/a
A3 – RA3	-229,2	-45,0	0,0	-1	0	0	n/a
A3 – RA4	-229,2	-70,0	0,0	-1	0	0	n/a
A4 – RA1	-70,0	-229,2	0,0	0	-1	0	n/a
B1 – RB1	44,2	161,6	153,0	0	0	1	n/a
B1 – RB3	62,9	137,9	153,0	0	0	1	n/a
B2 – RB2	-14,5	-47,5	-153,0	0	0	-1	n/a
B2 – RB3	18,0	-77,5	-153,0	0	0	-1	n/a

List the position (XYZ) of the center of the front face of each corner cube, and the orientation (two angles or normal vector) and the clocking (horizontal rotation) angle of each corner cube. Note that the angles should be clearly defined.