

International Laser Ranging Service

ILRS

**Recent News** 

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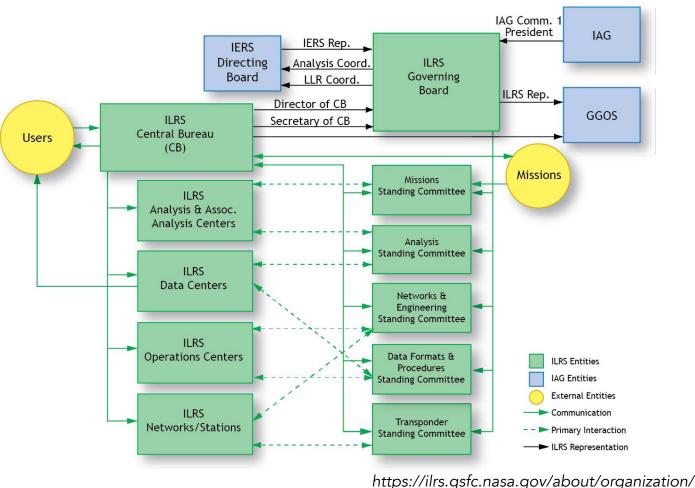
ILRS Virtual World Tour 2020 Opening Session November 02, 2020

# **ILRS: large community participation**

#### Components:

- Network: 40+ stations
- Data Centers:
  - **2** Operations Centers
    - 2 Data Archive Centers
    - 1 Mirror Data Center
- Analysis Centers:
  - 7 Analysis Centers
  - 2 Combination Centers
  - 22 Associate Analysis Centers
  - 6 Lunar Analysis Centers
- Standing Committees: 5
- Central Bureau: 25+ members
- Governing Board: 18 members
- Membership
  - Associates: 400+
  - Organizations: 110+
  - Countries: 30+
  - Correspondents: 200+
- Supporting:
  - Users: 1000's
  - Missions: 110+

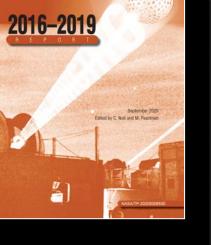
Operation through cooperation of organizations leveraging resources to all levels of service functionality



## **Recent news and highlights**

- ILRS network supported by 40 stations
- Network currently tracking over 110 missions
- Future workshops postponed due to Covid-19:
  - 22<sup>nd</sup> International Workshop on Laser Ranging (Kunming, China in Fall 2021)
  - Next ILRS Technical Workshop (Arequipa, Peru in Fall 2022)
  - ILRS Standing Committees and Governing Board holding virtual meetings in 2020
- Material posted from 2019 ILRS Technical Workshop and first ILRS School
  - https://cddis.nasa.gov/2019\_Technical\_Workshop/
- Regular meetings of the ILRS Quality Control Board (QCB) have helped identify possible sources of issues in normal point data
- 2016-2019 ILRS report now published on ILRS website:
  - https://ilrs.gsfc.nasa.gov/about/reports/annualrpts/ilrsreport\_2016.html
- ILRS Governing Board election for 2021-2022 term now underway





#### **ILRS** network

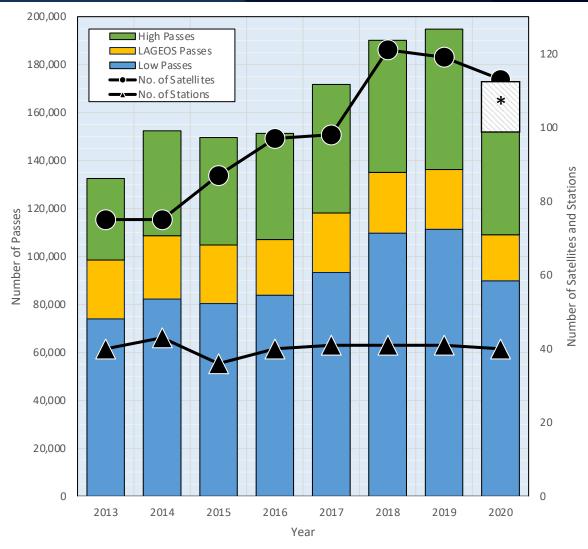
Graz Austria





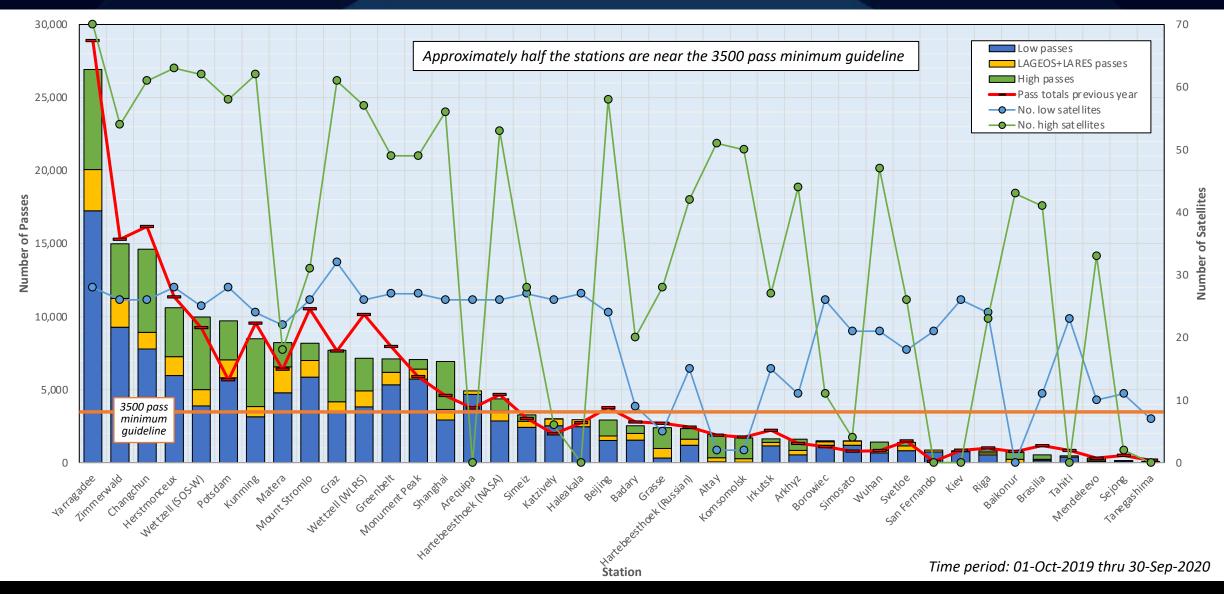
### **Recent developments: network**

- Forty stations are providing data on a routine basis; data from one station currently in quarantine for review
- Some station operations adversely affected by pandemic quarantine; projected yearly tracking value indicates total number of passes for 2020 will be lower than 2019 totals
- Less than half of the 40 stations in the network achieve the ILRS guideline of 3500 passes/year (see ILRS monthly report cards)
- Anticipating nearly a dozen new SLR stations in the next few years; spatial gaps still exist



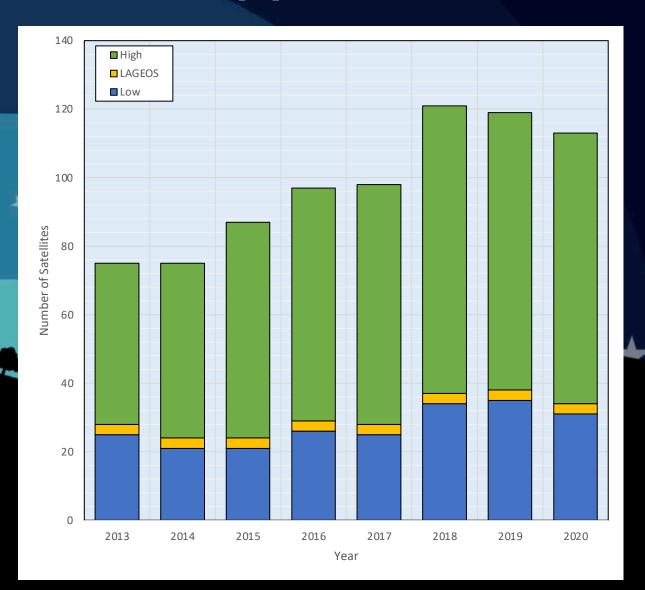
<sup>\*</sup> Note: 2020 totals through October 15; shaded area indicates projected totals for 2020

#### **Recent developments: network performance**



#### **Recent developments: mission support**

- Recent changes to the ILRS priority list:
  - Added HY-2C (altimetry mission)
  - Removed HY-2A
- Future missions requesting ILRS support:
  - Astrocast Precursor (2 cubesats/engineering testing)
  - LARES-2 (2020 Q4)
  - NXD-1/SLAG (2020 Q4)
  - Sentinel-6A/Jason-CSA (November 2020)
  - ELSA-d (2021 Q1)
  - HY-2D (2021 Q1)
  - ICEYE (5 satellites, 2020 Q4)
  - Additional GNSS: BeiDou/Compass, Galileo, etc.
- Requests for restricted tracking, which is time consuming to implement



#### **Recent developments: analysis**

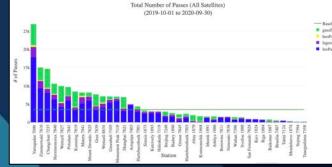
- ILRS ACs preparing for the data re-analysis for ITRF2020
- Introducing LARES as a 5<sup>th</sup> target incorporated into ILRS products
- Investigating data yield improvement and use of GNSS tracking data to benefit ILRS EOP products
- ASC Pilot Projects
  - Systematic Error Monitoring Pilot Project completed
  - Low degree/low order gravity field terms
  - NT-Atmospheric loading (possibly other types of loading) applied at observation level
- Implementation of improved satellite Center of Gravity (CoG) values for geodetic satellites and new systematic error modeling have reduced the difference in scale between SLR and VLBI to ~.25ppb
- Increased data level on Etalon from a 3-month tracking campaign in 2019 resulted in improved EOP; data continues to be sparse





#### **Recent developments: operations**

- ILRS infrastructure transitioning to version 2 of both Consolidated Range Data (CRD) and Consolidated Prediction Format (CPF)
  - Updated versions will facilitate support of future missions and applications (e.g., ELT, space debris)
    - Test files available from ILRS data centers
    - Missions asked to provide files in CPF V2 by end of 2020
    - Only 8 stations currently providing CRD V2 data
- New ILRS report card software developed and operational starting in 2020
- Study group currently developing new software to improve plotting of station performance and environmental parameters
  - Help identify station systematics and errors more easily
  - Help motivate stations to improve performance





### Future work and prospects

- Network stations continue to explore new applications for SLR:
  - Space debris tracking for better understanding of reentry dynamics and other applications
  - Laser time transfer to improve epoch synchronization
- ILRS Quality Control Board has made big strides in understanding issues found in normal point data:
  - Studies underway to examine different methods for formulating normal points
  - Unreported configuration changes at stations can corrupt data products
  - Long and short-term stability is a better diagnostic tool than NP rms
  - Other data bias issues from calibration techniques, etc.
- Analysis centers developing improved CoM modeling for use in product generation
- New retroreflector configurations implemented in future missions (e.g., LARES-2) to improve ranging accuracy
- Next Generation Lunar Reflector to be deployed on future Moon landing mission will improve ranging accuracy and contribute to lunar studies

