

Scheduling the NASA SGSLR Network



Abstract: Over a decade ago, Honeywell Technology Solutions Inc (HTSI, now KBRwyle) developed an intelligent SLR scheduling software package during the development of the Matera Laser Ranging Observatory. This package offered a broad advanced capability to produce prioritized SLR schedules using multiple optimizations, including evolving satellite priority based on mission data requirements. HTSI further developed this software package for NASA and installed it at the NASA Data Operation Center to be used for all routine scheduling for participating NASA operational stations and the NGSLR. Although a number of the software's capabilities were used in scheduling the NASA stations, much of the broader capability, including coordinated Network scheduling, was left unused due to of the lack of system automation as well as the lack of satellite scheduling interferences. As the satellite roster continues to increase with the launch of multiple navigation constellations, experimental satellites, and Earth observers, it is important to work toward scheduling networks rather than individual stations, in order to fully meet the ILRS performance requirements. In addition, with the increased automation of SLR stations, the ability to make full use of this scheduling capability is finally being realized. NASA and KBRwyle plan to further develop this Network scheduling tool to intelligently schedule the next generation Space Geodesy Satellite Laser Ranging (SGSLR) Network. This poster will explore the current NASA scheduling capabilities as well as our vision for the future of the SGSLR Network scheduling.





- The future NASA scheduling package, will provide
 - Dynamic scheduling for each individual SGSLR system
 - Network scheduling coordination for the entire SGSLR Network
- Current NASA scheduler design and built by Bart Clarke (KBRwyle):
 - Uses multiple dynamic inputs and assigned inputs
 - Maximizes satellite mission requirements
 - Use ILRS priorities to develop initial schedule
 - Station specific information (day/night tracking)
 - Uses Multiple feature to enhance/optimize system schedule









- Recently tracked Global SLR data Optimization:
 - Satellite position and the amount of recently tracked data is considered during scheduling for changes to satellite
 - Scheduler can change satellite priorities for all SGSLR station schedules, for individual stations, or for stations located in clusters depending on geographic location.







- Interleaving Optimization
 - Interleaving optimization for a satellite the schedule will alternate between that satellite and lower priority satellites at a given time interval.
 - Avoids scheduling scenarios where one satellite of a group of similarly prioritized satellites is scheduled a disproportionate amount of time.











• AOS, PCA, LOS Optimization:

allows for AOS/PCA/LOS optimization by raising the priority of a satellite at the beginning, end, and the PCA of a pass.



Geodetic Sky Coverage Optimization: used to assist in scheduling complete sky coverage for a satellite. Using geodetic optimization the sky is divided into sections based on azimuth and elevation.



 Ascending/Descending Optimization: assists in obtaining even distribution data in ascending and descending nodes while using recently tracked data.



KBRWyle



SGSLR SGNOC



- Space Geodesy Network Operations Center:
 - Future SGSLR systems will be operated and monitored from a central facility at Goddard Space Flight Center called the Space Geodesy Network Operations Center (SGNOC).
 - SGSLR system and Network scheduling will be done at the SGNOC
- Example of SGNOC Monitoring display:







- NASA SGSLR Network Scheduling:
 - The SGNOC will generate schedules for all systems in the NASA Network
 - The SGNOC will coordinate schedules based on:
 - ILRS priorities
 - geographic location
 - mission requirements
 - restricted tracking requirements
 - recent tracking and scheduling optimization inputs.

NASA				SGSLR STATION SCHEDULE 2/17/201 14:35 UT												
	Greenbelt		Ny-Ålesund McDo		nald Haleak				Yarragadee		Tahit		Station "n"			
SCHEDULES																
Gn	eenbelt					Mo	Donalc					Hartebee	sthoe	⊳k		
SIC	Start Date	Start Time			Satellite	SIC	Start Date	Start Time			Satellite	SIC Start Date	Start Time	Duration		Satellite
9122	20130201	18:03	00:27	24	GLONASS-122	9122	20130201	18:03	00:27	24	GLONASS-122	9122 20130201	18:03	00:27	24	GLONASS-122
1025	20130201	18:30	00:09	9	Jason-2	1025	20130201	18:30	00:09	9	Jason-2	1025 20130201	18:30	00:09	9	Jason-2
7101	20130201	18:30	00:07	15	Galileo-101	7101	20130201	18:30	00:07	15	Galileo-101	7101 20130201	18:30	00:07	15	Galileo-101
7103	20130201	18:30	00:09	15	Unknown SIC	7103	20130201	18:30	00:09	15	Unknown SIC	7103 20130201	18:30	00:09	15	Unknown SIC
9129	20130201	18:30	00:09	18	Unknown SIC	9129	20130201	18:30	00:09	18	Unknown SIC	9129 20130201	18:30	00:09	18	Unknown SIC
9122	20130201	18:30	00:09	24	GLONASS-122	9122	20130201	18:30	00:09	24	GLONASS-122	9122 20130201	18:30	00:09	24	GLONASS-122
7103	20130201	18:39	00:10	15	Unknown SIC	7103	20130201	18:39	00:10	15	Unknown SIC	7103 20130201	18:39	00:10	15	Unknown SIC
9129	20130201	18:39	00:10	18	Unknown SIC	9129	20130201	18:39	00:10	18	Unknown SIC	9129 20130201	18:39	00:10	18	Unknown SIC
9122	20130201	18:39	00:10	24	GLONASS-122	9122	20130201	18:39	00:10	24	GLONASS-122	9122 20130201	18:39	00:10	24	GLONASS-122
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SIC	Start Date	Start Time			Satellite	SIC	Start Date	Start Time			Satellite	SIC Start Date	Start Time			Satellite
9122	20130201	18:03	00:27	24	GLONASS-122	9122	20130201	18:03	00:27	24	GLONASS-122	9122 20130201	18:03	00:27	24	GLONASS-122
1025	20130201	18:30	00:09	9	Jason-2	1025	20130201	18:30	00:09	9	Jason-2	1025 20130201	18:30	00:09	9	Jason-2
7101	20130201	18:30	00:07	15	Galileo-101	7101	20130201	18:30	00:07	15	Galileo-101	7101 20130201	18:30	00:07	15	Galileo-101
7103	20130201	18:30	00:09	15	Unknown SIC	7103	20130201	18:30	00:09	15	Unknown SIC	7103 20130201	18:30	00:09	15	Unknown SIC
9129	20130201	18:30	00:09	18	Unknown SIC	9129	20130201	18:30	00:09	18	Unknown SIC	9129 20130201	18:30	00:09	18	Unknown SIC
9122	20130201	18:30	00:09	24	GLONASS-122	9122	20130201	18:30	00:09	24	GLONASS-122	9122 20130201	18:30	00:09	24	GLONASS-122
7103	20130201	18:39	00:10	15	Unknown SIC	7103	20130201	18:39	00:10	15	Unknown SIC	7103 20130201	18:39	00:10	15	Unknown SIC
9129	20130201	18:39	00:10	18	Unknown SIC	9129	20130201	18:39	00:10	18	Unknown SIC	9129 20130201	18:39	00:10	18	Unknown SIC
9122	20130201	18:39	00:10	24	GLONASS-122	9122	20130201	18:39	00:10	24	GLONASS-122	9122 20130201	18:39	00:10	24	GLONASS-122







- The SGNOC will also command stations to increase or decrease satellite priorities based on real-time information coming from the Global ILRS dataset. Commands will be pushed to the Network or to individual stations to automatically change satellite priorities.
- The SGNOC will also provide alerts about tracking performance on a public facing page to encourage all ILRS systems to increase/decrease tracking priorities based on the most recent ILRS tracking.

SLR NETWORK SCHEDULE											
Greenbelt	Ny-Åles		nald Hal	eakala Har		⁄arragadee		Station "n"			
CURRENTLY BEING TRACKED											
	Greenbelt	Ny-Ålesund	McDonald	Haleakala	Hartebeesthoek	Yarragadee	Tahiti	Station "n"			
Statellite	Jason-2	Lageos	Galileo-101	Compass-M3	GLONASS-122	Lageos-2	Etalon	"Sat. Name"			
SIC	1025	1155	7101	2004	9122	5986	525	[nnn]			
Start Date (UTC)	1/2/2017	1/2/2017	1/2/2017	1/2/2017	1/2/2017	1/2/2017	1/2/2017	[mm/dd/yyy]			
Start Time (UTC)	18:30	18:30	18:30	18:30	18:30	18:30	18:30	[hh:mm]			
Duration (min.)	15	18	10	27	22	15	8	[mm:ss]			
Priority	14	5	11	9	24	10	18	[xx]			
Tracking Optimization Messages 1. NASA Network – Increased priority for all descending passes for LARES (5987) 2. NASA Network – Increased priority for all same priority satellilies 3. NASA Network – Increased priority for GALLEO-102 for LARES compaign 4. NASA Network – Lack of data. Command -Raise priority for JASON-3 (4379)											
Schedule Com 1. NASA Netword 2. Hartebeesthod 3. Yarragadee –	mand Messa k – Lack of global ek Station – Lack Lack of global da	ages I data. Command: Ra of global and station ta. Command: Raise	ise priority for JAS data. Command∶l ∌ priority for IRNSS	ON-3 (4379) Raise priority for IRN -1B (3302)							

The NASA/KBRwyle scheduler will provide optimized scheduling of an ever increasing number of ILRS satellites, which will improve productivity of the integrated network of SGSLR systems

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