
Session 4: New related "laser ranging" space projects for tomorrow and next decade

Future Applications of Laser Ranging in Space Missions: An Overview

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1. Laser Ranging in the classical reflect
2. Some examples of LR “derivatives”
3. Applications / Space Missions

Technology enhancements in laser stations:

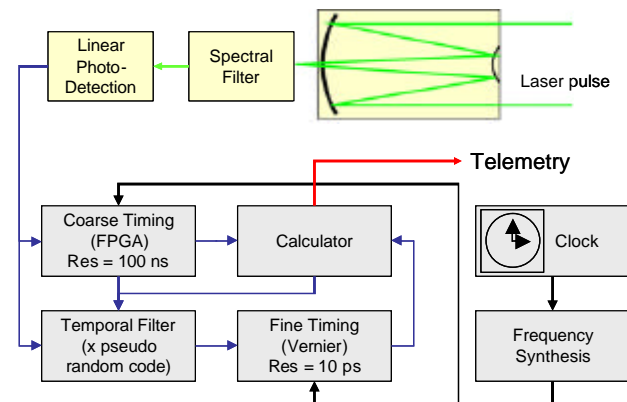
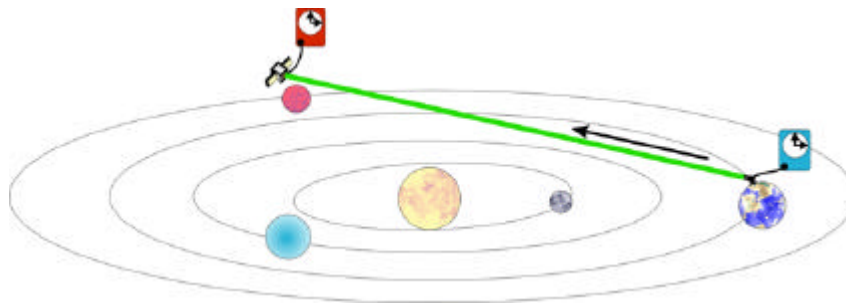
- Laser:
 - two/multi color
 - high repetition rate ($> \text{kHz}$) w/ higher power
 - coding of pulses for SNR enhancement (e.g. for moon)
 - lower pulse widths
 - drawback of dispersion: atmospheric pre-compensation
 - utilization of frequency combs
- Detectors:
 - QE, BW, size
- Timing:
 - adapt to repetition rate ($> \text{kHz}$)
 - better timing precision
(e.g. higher vernier frequency, see Samain contribution)
 - clocks (see demand by **G**lobal **G**eodetic **O**bserving **S**ystem [Schlüter])
- Other geodetic space techniques [Pavlis]

Advancement on the satellite level:

- Reflector:
 - smaller area, mono CC, hollow
 - modulating retro reflector ([Gilbreath] Naval Research Lab)?
- One-way Laser Ranging:
 - T2L2 / TIPO
- Transponders
 - Testbed operations in Goddard [Degnan]
 - Testbed operations at Wettzell [Schreiber]

TIPO: One-way telemetry

- Based on the timing of laser pulses in different temporal reference frames:
 - transmitting laser stations
 - receiver on satellite
- Differential time/distance measurement based on the exactitude & stability of an embarked clock
- Link budget $\sim 1/d^2$
 - MeO Station to Mars and a 10cm TIPO telescope
 - Signal : $0.8 < N_e < 30 e^-$
 - Temporal filter based on laser pulses emitted with a pseudo random code



lliade: Absolute distance measurement below wavelength scale

- Unify complementary technologies in a single approach:
 - Interferometric measurement on the optical carrier
 - Phase and/or time-of-flight measurement on the modulated optical carrier (laser pulses)
- Utilization of frequency combs (femtosecond lasers)
- These lasers make the link from the radiofrequency to the optical world
($f_{\text{opt},i} = n_i * f_{\text{rep}} + f_0$)
- Possibility to transfer the long term stability and exactitude of atomic clocks of 10^{-15} and soon 10^{-16} to the frequencies of this type of laser
- Absolute distance measurements on this scale, i.e. $dl/l = 10^{-15}$ (e.g. nanometric over a distance of 1000km)

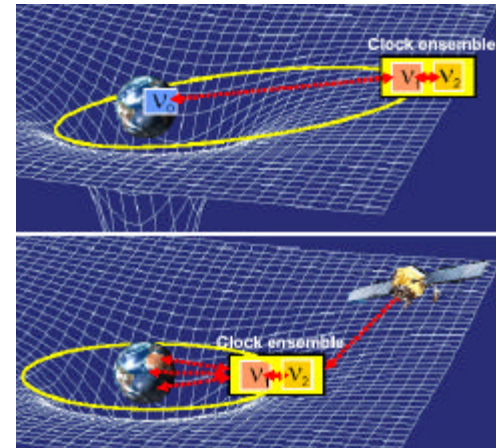
Fundamental Physics

- General Relativity ‘in general’
 - Gravity Explorer (U. Düsseldorf - Schiller)
 - OPTIS (ZARM – Lämmerzahl)
 - ASTROD (PMO - Niwa)
 - LATOR (JPL - Turpin)
 - ...

Clock Ensemble in space: v_0 ? v_1, v_2

- I: Highly elliptic orbit:
- Local Pos. Invariance
 - Grav. Redshift

- II: GEO:
- Space born master clock
 - Geophysics

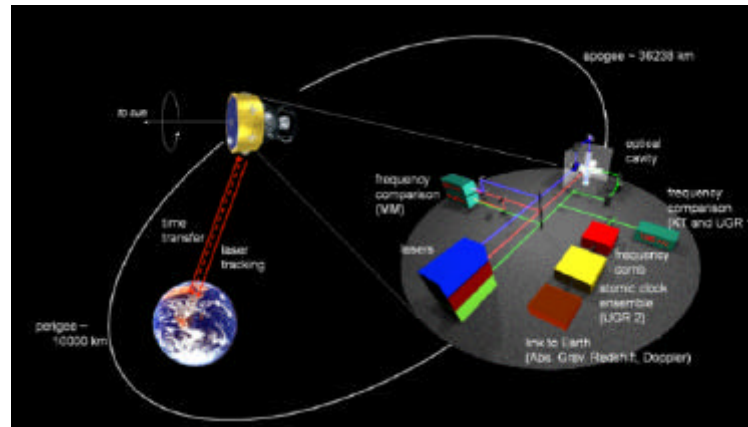


→ Time Transfer

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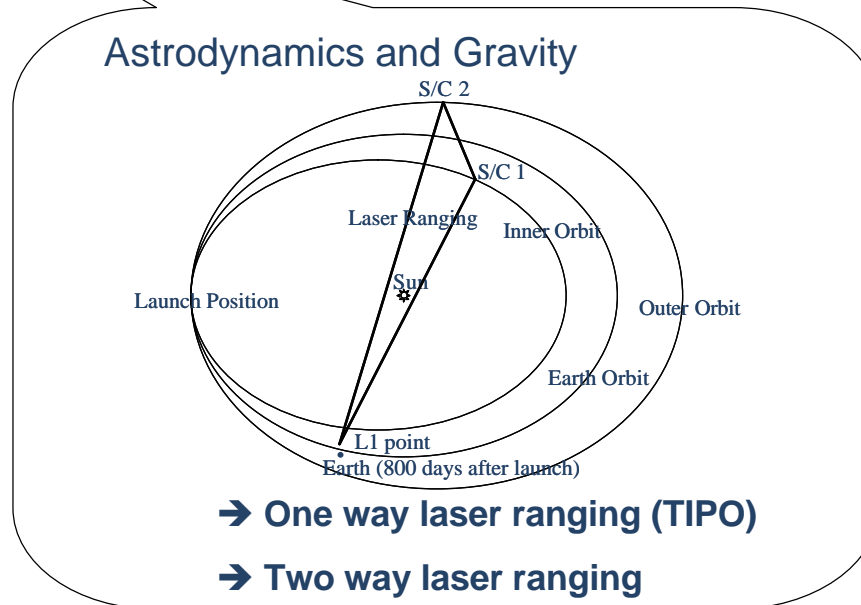
Michelson-Morley and clock comparison



→ Time Transfer

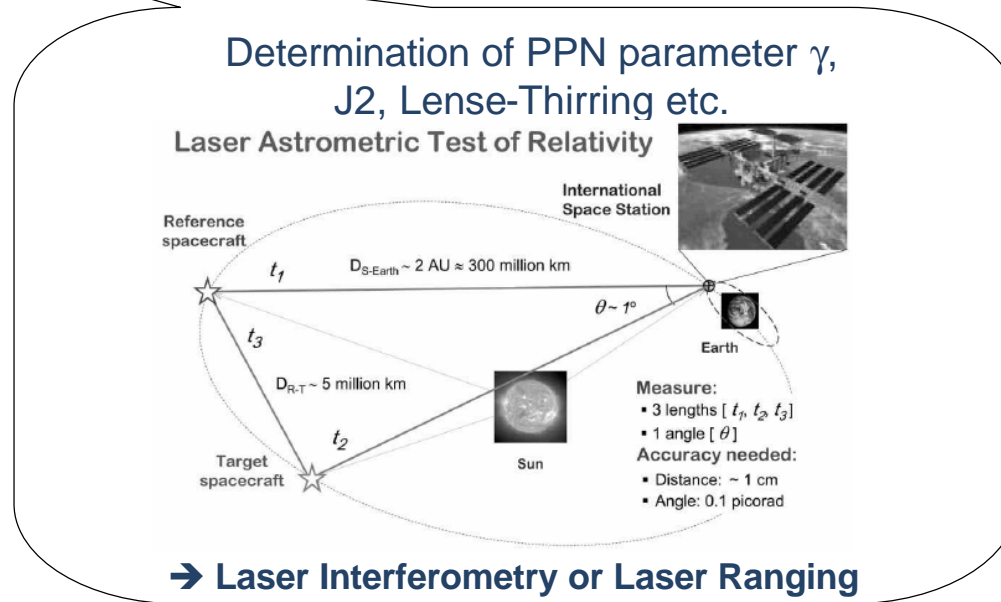
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- Measure:**
- 3 lengths [t_1, t_2, t_3]
 - 1 angle [θ]
- Accuracy needed:**
- Distance: ~ 1 cm
 - Angle: 0.1 picorad

Fundamental Physics

- General Relativity ‘in action’

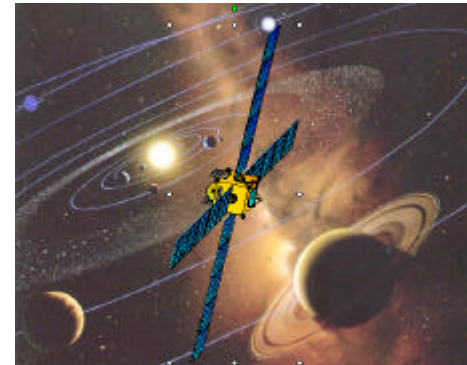
- Gravity Explorer (U.S.)
- OPTIS (ZARM - Längfeld)
- ASTROD (PMO - Niikawa)
- LATOR (JPL - Turyshev)
- ...

- Pioneer Anomaly

- ODYSSEY (ONERA)
- DSGE (ZARM - Dittus)
- ZACUTO (IST – Bertolami)
- SAGAS (SYRTE - Wolf)

Accelerometer, Radio Doppler and TIPO

- Pioneer Anomaly
at 5% ($4 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m/s}^2$)
- Fly-by Anomaly
- PPN-parameter γ in solar conjunction
- Gravity mapping



→ One way laser ranging

Fundamental Physics

- General Relativity 'in general'

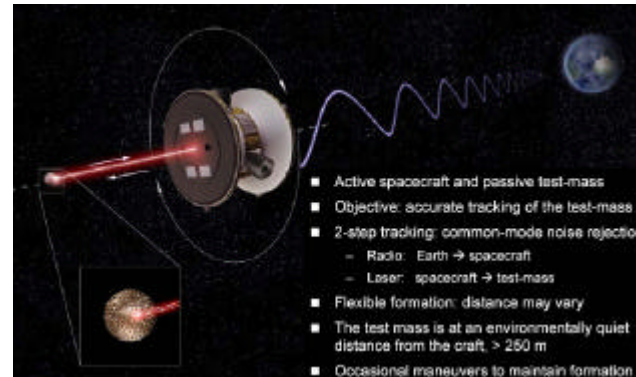
- Gravity Explorer /
- OPTIS (ZARM -
- ASTROD (PMO
- LATOR (JPL - T
- ...

Formation flying: S/C and passive probe:
 radio doppler and laser ranging

- Pioneer Anomaly at 10^{-3}
- Gravity mapping

- Pioneer Anomaly

- ODYSSEY
- DSGE (ZARM -
- ZACUTO (IST – B
- SAGAS (SYNTE



→ Laser ranging

?

Fundamental Physics

- General Relativity 'in general'

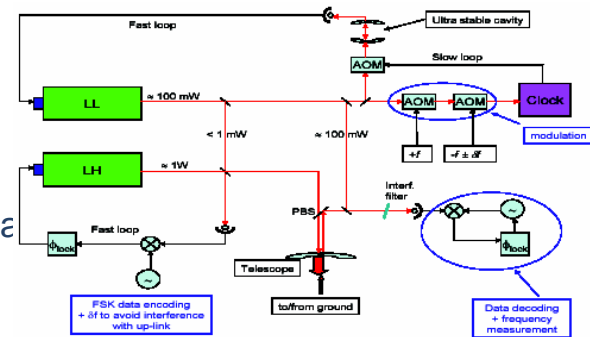
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- Pioneer Anomaly

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- SAGAS (STRIE

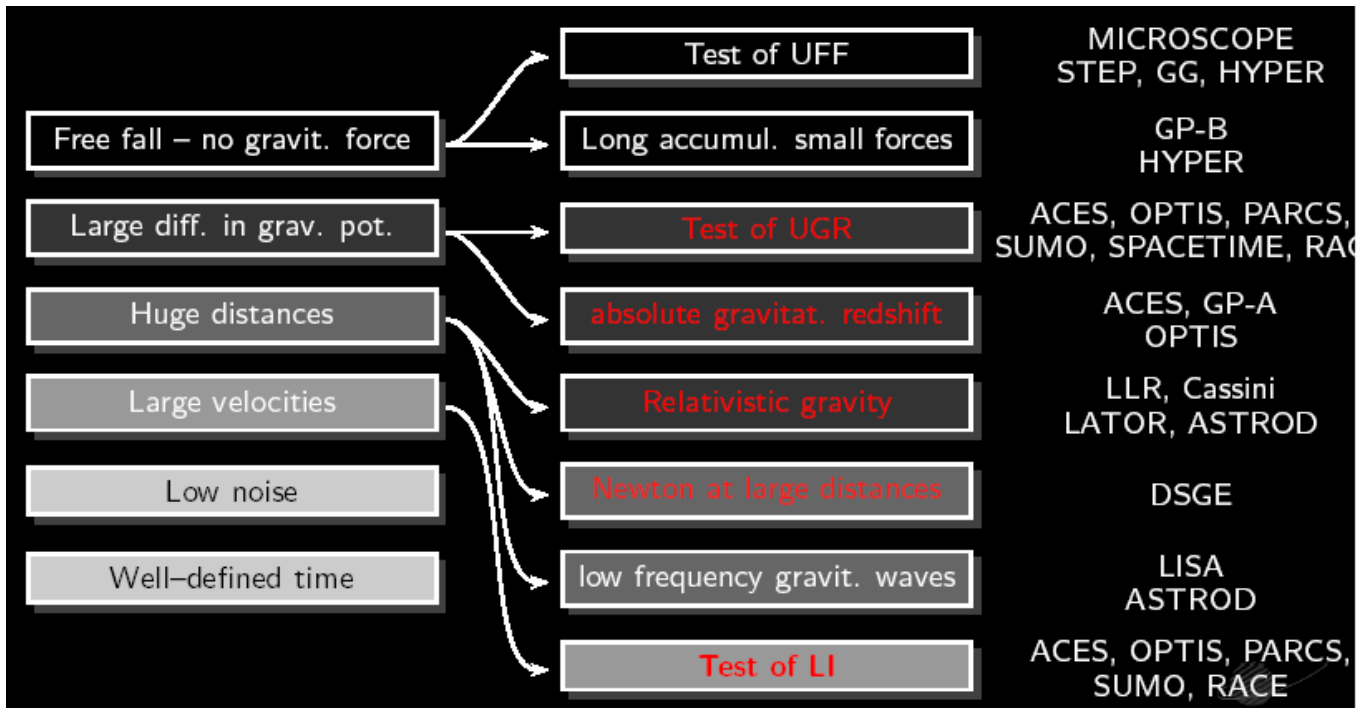
Cold atom accelerometer, optical clock, laser ranging and time transfer

- Pioneer Anomaly
- Grav. redshift
- Post-Newtonian tests
- Variation of fund. constants
- Lorentz Invariance
- Gravity mapping etc.



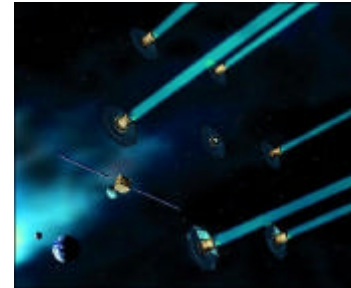
→ Laser ranging, time transfer, transponders

Fundamental Physics – Synopsis (borrowed from Lämmerzahl)



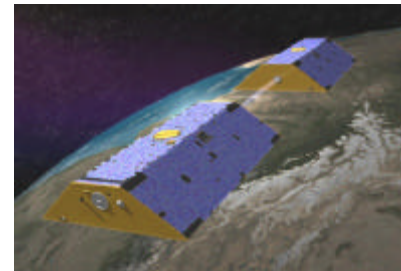
Astronomy

- DARWIN / Pegase, TPF:
formation flying metrology



Geodesy

- SSI / post-Grace missions
- Relativistic geodesy (clocks):
time transfer [Svehla]

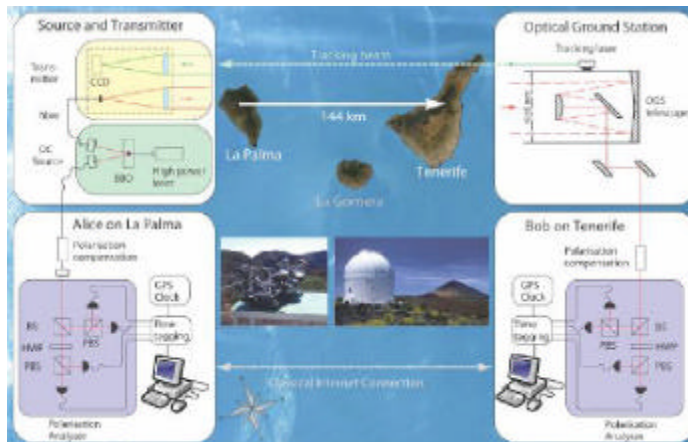
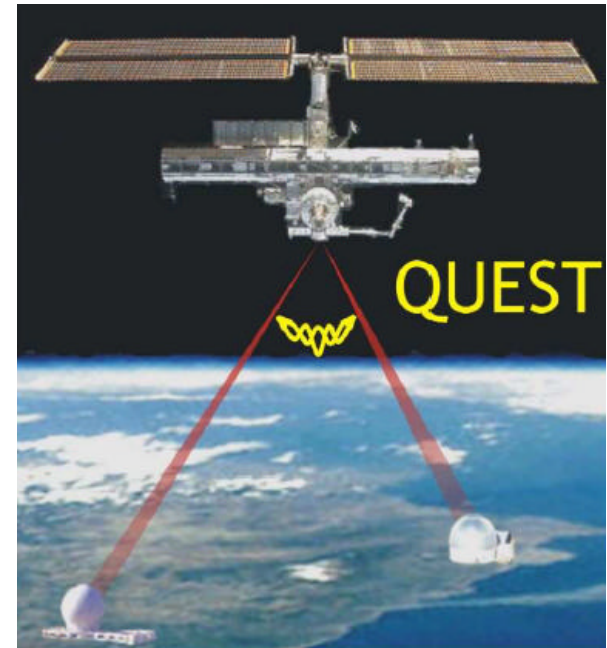


Solar System / Planetary / Moon

- Navigation, atmosphere, altimetry etc.:
transponders, one-way laser ranging (e.g. MLA, BELA)

Quantum Entanglement

- SpaceQuest:
 - Entangled photon source on the ISS,
 - transmission to a pair of ground stations
 - LEO ranging telescope
 - single-photon detection
 - timing



-
- There is a huge demand on the technologies developed for SLR, LLR and time transfer
 - We need a close partnership with all of these communities in order to benefit from this dynamism (synergies)
 - We have to be present also in order to put forward our own ambitious projects,
e.g. lunar transponder / one-way laser ranging