



Australian Government Geoscience Australia



Evaluating the Effect of Atmospheric Gravity and the Annual Gravity Field Variation on Lageos Orbits

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# Overview

- Introduction
- Atmospheric Gravity
  - Lageos-1, spectrum, geographical correlation
  - Lageos-2, spectrum, geographical correlation
- Annual Gravity Field Variation
  - Lageos-1, spectrum, geographical correlation
  - Lageos-2, spectrum, geographical correlation
- Atmospheric Gravity
  - Geocentre Motion
- Annual Gravity Field Variation
  - Geocentre Motion
- Summary of Results



### Introduction

#### Lageos-1 and Lageos-2 computations 2002 – 2007.5

- Case01
  - Geodyn0511
  - IERS2003 Conventions for Earth and Ocean Tides
  - GGM02C + time varying gravity
  - Standard modelling
  - Standard parameter estimates
- Case02
  - Added Atmospheric Gravity to the Case01 configuration
  - Case01-Case02 gave contribution of atmospheric gravity to the Lageos solutions

### Introduction

- Case03
  - Added Atmospheric Gravity to Case02 configuration
  - Case02-Case03 gave contribution of annual variable gravity to the Lageos solutions
- Analysis
  - Orbit spectrum of the differences
  - Geographical Correlation
  - Geocentre Motion



### ATGRAV and Annual Gravity Field Variation

- Atmospheric Gravity
  - NCEP 6-hourly data files
  - 50 X 50 spherical harmonic coefficients
  - Compiled by Petrov.
- Annual Gravity
  - Grace GGM02C solution
  - 20 X 20 spherical harmonic coefficients

### ATGRAV Lageos-1 orbit spectrum

**ATMOSPHERIC GRAVITY - Lageos-1** 



Annual Period dominant with

0.5 mm amplitude

# ATGRAV Lageos-1 Radial Orbit Differences Geographical Correlation



GSPC FOD group (690 070919 1211

### ATGRAV Lageos-1 Radial Orbit Differences









Lageos RMS Radial Diff. (020106–070107); gdn0511\_1-gdn0511\_2



### **ATGRAV** Lageos-2 orbit spectrum



Annual Period dominant with 0.2 mm amplitude and half-yearly with a 0.15 mm amplitude

# ATGRAV Lageos-2 Radial Orbit Differences Geographical Correlation



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#### Annual Gravity Lageos-1 orbit spectrum

**ANNUAL GRAVITY FIELD VARIATION Lageos-1** 



Annual Period dominant with 0.6 mm amplitude

## ANNGRAV Lageos-1 Radial Orbit Differences Geographical Correlation



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### ANNGRAV Lageos-1 Radial Orbit Differences







Lageos RMS Radial Diff. (020106-070107); gdn0511\_2-gdn0511\_3



#### Annual Gravity Lageos-2 orbit spectrum



#### Annual Period dominant with 0.15 mm amplitude

## ANNGRAV Lageos-2 Radial Orbit Differences Geographical Correlation



# ATGRAV – COM-X (Differences)



Annual Period dominant with 0.4 mm amplitude

### ATGRAV – COM-Y (Differences)



Annual Period dominant with 0.9 mm amplitude

# ATGRAV – COM-Z (Differences)



Annual Period dominant with 3.8 mm amplitude

# ANNUAL GRAVITY COM-X (Differences)



Annual Period dominant with 0.4 mm amplitude

# ANNUAL GRAVITY COM-Y (Differences)



Annual Period dominant with 0.6 mm amplitude

# ANNUAL GRAVITY COM-Z (Differences)



Annual Period dominant with 0.6 mm amplitude

- Atmospheric Gravity
  - -Lageos-1
    - From the application of the NCEP 6-hourly ATGRAV, the effect on Lageos-1 orbits is 1 -1.2 mm radial having a total effect of about 5 mm 3D.
    - Dominant Period is annual with an amplitude of 0.5 mm for the radial orbit differences

**RESULTS SUMMARY** Lageos orbits -Lageos-2 • Dominant Period is annual with an amplitude of 0.15 mm. The only difference between the two satellite orbits being the inclination

- Annual Gravity Field Variation
  - -Lageos-1
    - Dominant Period is annual with an amplitude of 0.6 mm for the radial orbit differences
  - -Lageos-2
    - Dominant Period is annual with an amplitude of 0.2 mm and a secondary period of half-year with an amplitude of 0.15 mm

Inclination ?

- For the 20 X 20 time varying harmonics gravity harmonics from GRACE (annual – representing land hydrology), the radial orbit signal is about 1 mm – having a total 3-D effect of 5 – 6 mm.
- Alternate annual terms determined by other centres need to be used to confirm these results.
- In regions, where the annual gravity contributions are larger for both Lageos-1 and Lageos-2, the RMS of the mean block differences are also larger. This may imply a lack of adequate tracking data for GRACE. However, this is more pronounced for Lageos-1

 In regions where the atmospheric gravity contributions are larger, the RMS of the block mean radial orbit differences are also larger – this may imply that there is a lack of atmospheric pressure data for input inot the NCEP model. However, the study should be re-done with other models such as ECMWF.

## RESULTS SUMMARY Earth's Centre of Mass

- Atmospheric Gravity
  - Annual period in all components with an amplitude of 0.4, 0.9 and 3.8 mm for X, Y, Z respectively.
- Annual Gravity Field Variation
  - Annual period in all components with an amplitude of 0.4 mm, 0.6 mm and 0.6 mm in all components.

Total annual periodic effect of ATGRAV + ANNGRAV is 4.5 mm for the Z-Component.