SECTION 2 ABOUT THE ILRS

SECTION 2

ABOUT THE ILRS

Michael Pearlman/CfA

THE MISSION OF THE ILRS

The International Laser Ranging Service (ILRS) organizes and coordinates Satellite Laser Ranging (SLR) and Lunar Laser Ranging (LLR) to support programs in geodetic, geophysical, and lunar research activities and provides the International Earth Rotation Service (IERS) with products important to the maintenance of an accurate International Terrestrial Reference Frame (ITRF). This reference frame provides the stability through which systematic measurements of the Earth can be made over thousands of kilometers, decades of time, and evolution of measurement technology. The Service provides precision ephemerides to support active Earth sensing missions and is now preparing to support extraterrestrial missions with optical transponders. The ILRS is one of the technique services of the International Association of Geodesy (IAG).

THE ROLE OF THE ILRS

The International Laser Ranging Service (ILRS):

- coordinates activities for the international network of SLR stations;
- develops the standards and specifications necessary for product consistency;
- develops the priorities and tracking strategies required to maximize network efficiency;
- collects, merges, analyzes, archives and distributes satellite and lunar laser ranging data to satisfy user needs;
- provides quality control and engineering diagnostics to the global network;
- works with new satellite missions in the design and building of retroreflector targets to maximize data quality and quantity;
- · works with science programs to optimize scientific data yield; and
- encourages the application of new technologies to enhance the quality, quantity, and cost effectiveness of its data products;

ILRS Data Products

Official Submission to the IERS

• Weekly solutions for station coordinates and Earth Orientation Parameters (EOPs) for the derivation of scale (Gm) and time-varying Earth Center of Mass for the ITRF

Other User Products

- Static and time-varying coefficients of the Earth's gravity field
- · Accurate satellite ephemerides for POD and validation of altimetry, relativity, and satellite dynamics
- · Backup POD for other missions
- Lunar ephemeris for relativity studies and lunar libration for lunar interior studies

THE STRUCTURE OF THE ILRS

The ILRS is composed of the following components, shown in Figures 2-1 and 2-2:

- Forty Satellite Ranging Stations that provide ranging data on an hourly basis and two Lunar Ranging Stations;
- Three Operations Centers that collect and verify the satellite data and provide the Stations with sustaining engineering, communications links, and other support;
- Two Global Data Centers that receive and archive data and supporting information from the Operations Centers and provide these data to the Analysis Centers; and receive and archive ILRS scientific data products from the Analysis Centers and provide them to the users;
- Two Combination Centers that prepare the ILRS weekly data product for the IERS; six SLR Analysis Centers that provide the input solutions to the Combination Centers for the data product process, eighteen Associate Analysis Centers that provide specialized SLR products to the users community and provide a second level of data quality assurance in the network; and four Lunar Analysis Centers that provide lunar data products;
- Five ILRS Working Groups that provide technical expertise and help formulate policy;
- ILRS Central Bureau that is responsible for the daily coordination and management of ILRS activities including communications and information transfer, monitoring and promoting compliance with ILRS network standards, monitoring network operations and quality assurance, maintaining documentation and databases, and organizing meetings and workshops
- Governing Board which is responsible for general direction, defining official ILRS policy and products, determining satellite-tracking priorities, developing standards and procedures, and interacting with other services and organizations



Figure 2-1. ILRS Organization



Figure 2-2. Components of the ILRS in 2009-2010.

ILRS GOVERNING BOARD



- Name: Zuheir Altamimi
- Position: Ex-Officio, President of IAG Commission 1
- Affiliation: Institut Géographique National, France

Name: Jan McGarry

- Position: NASA Network Representative
- Affiliation: NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, USA

Name: Horst Müller

Representative (replacing W.

Position: Data Center

Affiliation: Deutsches

Forschungsinstitut (DGFI), Germany

Geodätisches

Seemueller in 11/2010)











Name: Graham Appleby

Position: Chairman and At-Large Representative

Affiliation: Natural Environmental Research Center (NERC) Space Geodesy Facility (NSGF), UK



- Name: Giuseppe Bianco
- **Position:** EUROLAS Network Representative
- Affiliation: Agenzia Spaciale Italiana (ASI), Italy

Name: Jürgen Müller

- **Position:** Lunar Representative
- Affiliation: U. of Hannover/Institut für Erdmessung (IFE), Germany

- Name: David Carter
- Position: NASA Network Representative

Affiliation: NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, USA Name: Carey Noll

- Position: Ex-Officio, Secretary, ILRS Central Bureau
- Affiliation: NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, USA

ILRS GOVERNING BOARD (CONTINUED)







- Name: Yang Fumin
- **Position:** WPLTN Network Representative

Name: Ramesh Govind

Representative

Affiliation: Geoscience

Australia, Australia

Name: Georg Kirchner

Position: At Large

Representative

Affiliation: Austrian

Austria

Academy of Sciences,

Affiliation: Shanghai Observatory, China Name: Erricos Pavlis

- Position: Analysis Center Representative
- Affiliation: Joint Center for Earth Systems Technology (JCET) and Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC), USA
- Name: Michael Pearlman
- **Position:** WPLTN Network **Position:** Ex-Officio, Director, ILRS Central Bureau
 - Affiliation: Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics (CfA), USA

Name: Francis Pierron

- **Position: EUROLAS Network Representative**
- Affiliation: Observatoire de la Cote d'Azur, France





- Name: Vincenza Luceri
- Position: Analysis Center Representative

Affiliation: e-GEOS S.p.A., Italy

- Name: Bob Schutz
- Position: IERS Representative to ILRS
- Affiliation: Center for Space Research (CSR), University of Texas, USA









ILRS CENTRAL BUREAU

The Central Bureau, CB, is responsible for the daily coordination and management of the ILRS in a manner consistent with the directives and policies established by the Governing Board. The primary functions of the CB are to facilitate communications and information transfer within the ILRS and between the ILRS and the external scientific community, coordinate ILRS activities, maintain a list of satellites approved for tracking support and their priorities, promote compliance to ILRS network standards, monitor network operations and quality assurance of data, maintain ILRS documentation and databases, produce reports as required, and organize meetings and workshops.

The CB coordinates and publishes all documents required for the satisfactory planning and operation of the Service, including standards/specifications regarding the performance, functionality and configuration requirements of all elements of the Service including user interface functions.

The CB operates the communication center for the ILRS. It maintains a hierarchy of documents and reports, both hard copy and electronic, including network information, standards, newsletters, electronic bulletin board, directories, summaries of ILRS performance and products, and an Annual Report.

In summary, the Central Bureau performs a long-term coordination and communication role to ensure that ILRS participants contribute to the Service in a consistent and continuous manner and that they adhere to ILRS standards.